

FLOWERS

AFRICAN DAISY (Aurantica)

Easy-to-grow, festive 2 ½"/7cm. daisies are produced on the ends of short, graceful stems. Flowers appear during spring and early summer. Plants grow up to 12"/30cm high and spread 12"/30cm across. Excellent in low beds and borders. Popular as flowering ground cover during the spring. Seeds are short-lived and do not store well.

Although they tolerate dry periods, regular watering ensures continual blooming. Full sun. Plants grow 10-12"/25-30cm. Annual.

AGERATUM – Blue Mink Dwarf

Like a sky full of fluffy blue clouds, these flowers are borne in tight clusters atop low-growing plants. Blooms continuously from early summer until fall frost. Ideal for beds, borders and containers, plants blend nicely with yellow marigolds, petunias or pansies. Bait to prevent snails and slugs. Avoid wetting foliage to prevent powdery mildew. Partial/full sun. Plants grow 4-10"/10-25cm. Annual.

ALYSSUM – Carpet of Snow

Fast growing, spreading plants are known for abundant blooming. Fragrant flowers are pure white. Excellent for mass plantings, edgings and in-between or in front of other flowers. Can also be used in pots or cascading from hanging baskets. Shear plants to keep flowers blooming and to prevent leggy plants. Although an annual, alyssum will often reseed itself. Full sun. Plants grow 4"/10cm.

ALYSSUM – Royal Carpet

Fast growing, spreading plants are known for abundant blooming. Fragrant flowers are deep purple with a white eye. Excellent for mass plantings, edgings and in-between or in front of other flowers. Can also be used in pots or cascading from hanging baskets. Lightly rake seed into soil and moisten. Although an annual, alyssum will often reseed itself. Full sun. Plants grow 4"/10 cm.

ALYSSUM – Saxatile Gold Dust

Deep yellow flowers, set against soft-textured grey foliage, smother low growing plants during spring and early summer. Perfect for use in rock gardens, slopes and hillsides, as an edging, or combined with spring-flowering bulbs. Plants are low maintenance and easy-to-grow. Perennial. Fertilize when spring growth begins. Shear plants to half their height after flowering. Plants grow 6-12"/15-30cm.

ANNUAL CUT FLOWER

Beautiful and fragrant blend of hardy, easy-to-grow annuals. The different flowers will provide not only contrasting colors, but various plants heights and flower forms throughout the growing season. Excellent as a source of cut flowers to bring indoors. Before sowing, wash seeds in a mild detergent solution; rinse and soak in water 24 hours. Cut flowers in the morning or evening when moisture content is highest. Annual. Full sun. Plant height varies.

ASTER – Crego Giant Mix

One of the most popular cut flowers, this mixture features large, chrysanthemum-type double flowers on 2-foot-high stems. Easy to grow plants will bloom throughout summer, ideal in borders, rock gardens and containers. Sow seeds in sunny area in well drained soil. Rotate planting site each year to prevent diseases. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 24-30"/60-75cm.

ASTER – Powderpuff Bouquet

Double flowers atop two-foot high (60cm) stems are featured in this popular cut-flower mix. Large, chrysanthemum-type flowers come in mixed colors with creamy yellow centers. Plants are easy to grow and bloom throughout summer. Excellent for tall borders or beds. Avoid disturbing roots as much as possible when transplanting. Rotate plant site each year to prevent diseases. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 24-30"/60-75cm.

BACHELOR BUTTON – Polka Dot Mix

Few flowering annuals can match the ease in which this popular genus of plants grow. The ruffled, tufted double flowers come in the traditional deep blue, as well as pink, red, maroon, lavender and white. They make excellent cut flowers, and also can be massed in beds or borders. Scatter seeds in a sunny, well-drained location in early spring. Self-seeding is common, but volunteers will be smaller. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 15-17"/38-45cm.

BALSAM – Brilliant Mix

These tender summer annuals bloom abundantly on upright, bushy plants. The small, but extremely colorful double flowers, will provide masses of color from summer to fall frost. Colors include white, pink, red, orange, purple and bi-colors. Plants will tolerate high heat if soil is kept moist. Pinch plants to discourage leggy plants. Annual. Partial/full sun. Plants grow 18-30"/45-75cm.

BELLS OF IRELAND

This attractive plant produces long, graceful stems covered with lime green, bell-like blossoms. The "bells" encircle each stem and are produced all summer. The true flowers, which form inside the "bells", are small and insignificant, yet fragrant. Use in beds, for fresh cut flowers and in dried arrangements. Seed sprouting is slow and seeds require light, so keep seedbed moist and do not cover seeds deeply. Annual. Partial/full sun. Plants grow 24-36"/60-90cm.

BELLIS – English Double Daisy

Low tufted plants are topped with fully double aster-like flowers of white, pink, rose and red. English Daisies are ideal for edging borders and paths, bedding, mixed with spring bulbs, or in containers. Blooms in spring and early summer. Direct sow into well drained soil. Keep soil moist. Remove faded flowers to encourage more blooms. Best in cool weather. In harsh winter areas, mulch after soil freezes. Tender perennial. Full/partial sun. Plants grow 4-8"/10-20cm.

CALENDULA – Pacific Beauty

Few annuals are easier to grow or produce more abundantly than these Mediterranean natives. Large flowers that resemble both daisies and chrysanthemums bloom on strong, tall stems above large, dark green foliage. Featured colors are yellow and orange, but mix includes cream and apricot. Keep plants moist. In mild areas, sow seeds in August through September for blooms at Christmas. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 1-2'/30-60cm.

CALIFORNIA POPPY – Mission Bells

Brilliant double and semi-double flowers up to 2 ½"/6cm across cover spreading plants with finely-cut silvery-gray foliage. Plants are easy to grow and combine well with other wildflowers. Naturalize in open, sunny areas. Best when planted for spring and early summer foliage. Store seeds in a cool, dry place. Plants often re-seed themselves. Requires little care, and grows well in poor soils. Annual. Partial/full sun. Plants grow 10-12"/25-30cm.

CANDYTUFT – Dwarf Fairy Mix

Low growing plants have dark evergreen leaves and are good looking year 'round. They are covered with a lovely range of coloured flowers from early spring to June, sometimes again in fall. Use in rock gardens, as an edging and a filler mixed with spring-flowering bulbs and other flowers. Can be sown in midsummer for planting out in early fall. Perennial. Partial/full sun. Plants grow 8-15"/20-38cm.

CANTERBURY BELLS – Single Mix

Noted for spectacular spikes of cup-like flowers, some with petals in the shape of a saucer, Canterbury Bells are perfect for the middle to rear of a flower bed. Colors include white, pink, blue, purple and rose. They look best used in small groups, and make good cut flowers. Provide support for tall stems. Biennials bloom the second year, produce seeds and die. Partial/full sun. Plants grow 18-30"/45-75cm.

CARNATION – Chabaud's Giant Mix

Known for its colorful, spicy-fragrant flowers, this is one of the most popular garden perennials. The fringed flowers – borne on strong stems – are fully double in white, red and shades of pink. Plants grow knee-high and mix well with other sun loving flowers. Plant in well drained soil. Provide plant support. Harvest flowers to encourage re-bloom. Tender Perennial. Full sun. Plant grows 18-24"/45-60cm.

CATGRASS

Cat Grass will satisfy your cat's green tooth! It will help your cat eliminate fur balls while providing essential vitamins and minerals. The seed is extremely easy to grow in a sunny window or outdoors in a garden bed and will be available to your cat in only 10-15 days. Supplies many healthy vitamins to your cat's diet. Annual. Sunny window. Plant grows 2'/5cm.

CELOSIA – Pampus Plume

Heat loving, sun-loving plants are smothered with 12"(30cm) tall flower plumes from midsummer into fall. The showy feathery flowers and attractive leaves make this unique variety a real attention getter. Stunning combined with gray leafed plants. Use in mass plantings, mixed borders; cutting and drying. Delay garden planting until weather has warmed. Locate in rich, well drained soil. Annual. Sun. Plants grow 30"/75cm.

CHRYSANTHEMUM – Coronarium Double

Lovely mixture of white and yellow double blossoms on 36"/90cm stout stems make for excellent cut flower arrangements. A beautiful backdrop for shorter varieties. Mums don't like root competition so keep well spaced from other plants. Pinch back at 6"/15cm til July for a profusion of later summer blooms. Hardy annual. Full sun. Plants grow 2'/61cm.

CHRYSANTHEMUM – Shasta Daisy
Shastas are unrivaled for production of strong-stemmed flowers during summer and early fall. The daisy-like flowers have snow-white petals surrounding a rich yellow center. Enjoy Shasta daisies in the garden and as cut flowers. Plants are easy-to-grow and nearly maintenance free. Support tall plants. Harvest flowers to prolong bloom period. Perennial. Partial/full sun. Plants grow 24-30"/60-75cm.

CINERIA – Dusty Miller
One of the garden's most attractive foliage plants. Although Dusty Miller is primarily grown for its silvery-grey foliage, plants do bear small daisy-like yellow flowers. Ideal for borders and mixed rich colors in the garden and in patio pots. Do not overwater. For best appearance, remove flower buds and shear to maintain shape. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 8-12"/20-30cm.

COLEUS – Rainbow Mix
There are few annuals that will grow as easily or abundantly in shady areas. Plants are grown for their exotic foliage, which comes in a variety of bold colors, including multihued leaf patterns. Plants are ideal in beds, borders, mass plantings or containers. They also make brilliant house plants. Keep plants moist, but avoid wetting foliage in heat of the day. Pinch out lead shoots to encourage side branches. Annual. Shade. Plants grow 12-18"/30-45cm.

COLUMBINE – McKana's Giant Mix
Low mounds of delicate foliage give rise to colorful, intricately shaped flowers in spring and early summer. Flowers are usually bicolored and include white, yellow, pink, blue, red and lavender. Use in mass plantings and mixed with other late Spring flowers. Does best in cool weather; with afternoon shade. Pick off dead blooms. Hardy Perennials. Full/partial sun. Plants grow 18-36"/46-91cm.

COREOPSIS – Lance Leaf
Easy-to-grow and dependable, coreopsis produces deep yellow, daisy-like flowers all summer and into fall. Flower stems are long and graceful. Plant in nearly any well-drained soil, and use in the middle of a flower border or allow to grow "wild" in out-of-the-way places. Provide support for tall plants. Harvest flowers to prolong bloom period. Perennial. Full sun. Plants grow 18-30"/45-75cm.

COSMOS – Bright lights
Few plants grow as rapidly as cosmos and, fewer still, offer graceful flowers. Dwarf compact and uniformly growing plants bloom

throughout the summer bearing a profusion of intense semi-double flowers. Foliage is delicate, feathery green. Useful as a background, border or pots and as cut flowers. Plants are heat resistant, easy to grow and will tolerate crowding. May require staking if especially windy location. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 24-30"/61-76cm.

COSMOS – Early Sensation Mix
This All American Award winner produces 5" (12.5 cm) single daisy-like flowers in white, pink and red. Foliage is delicate, feathery green. Useful as a background, border or pots, and as cut flowers. Plants are heat resistant, easy to grow and will tolerate crowding. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 4-5'/120-150cm.

CYNOGLOSSUM – Annual Forget Me Nots
Plants can be used to give the garden accents of blue. The tiny blue flowers are borne along graceful, arching branches. This old favorite is excellent combine with other flowers or bulbs, and can be used also as edging, in rock gardens or in a mass planting. Plants tolerate both wet and dry locations. Although an Annual, plants will often reseed themselves. Partial/full sun. Plants grow 6-9"/15-22cm.

DAHLIA – Unwin's Dwarf Hybrids
Dwarf plants bloom prodigiously producing semi-double flowers in all colors except blue. Easy-to-grow natives of Mexico will bloom from summer until early fall, and can be used in massed plantings, borders or containers. Cut flowers make striking arrangements. Plants do best with plenty of water and fertilizer. Cut old flowers to prolong blooming season. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 12-18"/30-45cm.

DELPHINIUM – Pacific Giant Mix
Few plants rival delphiniums for providing a bold display of tall flowers with a strong vertical accent. Flower colors are mostly blue, white, pink, lavender and purple. Use in groups in the background, as an accent and for cut flowers during early summer; reblooms in fall. Protect from wind and provide support for flower stalks. Perennial. Full sun. Plants grow 4-6'/120-150cm.

DIANTHUS – Chinensis Double Mix
This perennial features fringed flower petals similar to carnations. The fragrant double flowers bloom in a variety of colors through summer and fall. Plants are compact, and popular as edgings and borders, or in containers. They work well in rock gardens, and are long-lasting cut flowers. Bloom best in cooler weather. If plants stop blooming in the heat of summer,

shear tops. Perennial. Partial/Full sun. Plants grow 12-15"/30-38cm.

DIGITALIS – Foxglove
Each plant produces several tall, stately flower spikes, providing a strong vertical accent in the flower garden. The individual florets are spotted inside and come in an array of soft colors. Use near the back of mixed flower borders or in naturalized settings. Biennials bloom the second year, produce seeds and die. After flowering, remove spikes to encourage second blooming. Biennial. Partial/Full sun. Plants grow 36-60"/90-150cm.

ECHINACEA – Cone Flower Purple Sturdy
Upright plants produce large daisy-like flowers, each with purple petals and a yellow-gold center or cone. Flowers are produced all summer into fall, even in the hottest weather, and are great for attracting butterflies. Excellent cut flowers. Cones dry perfectly for permanent arrangements. Plant in well drained soil. Perennial. Full sun. Plants grow 30-36"/75-90cm.

GAILLARDIA – Blanket Flower
Gaillardia are one of the easiest to grow and brightest perennial daisies. Flowers have brilliantly colored petals produced atop strong stems. Enjoy in the garden and as outstanding cut flowers. Plants are nearly maintenance free. Do not overwater or over fertilize. Harvest flowers to prolong bloom period. Perennial. Full sun. Plants grow 24-30"/60-75cm.

GERANIUM – Maverick 1- Mixed Colours 2-Salmon 3-Scarlet 4-White 5-Pink
Believed to be North America's most popular flowering plant. Excellent indoors and out. Strong, bushy, easy-to-grow plants produce brilliantly colored blossoms throughout the growing season. Excellent for posts, window boxes and sunny gardens. Perennial in frost-free locations. Cultivate to control weeds. Tender Perennials. Full sun. Plants grow 18-24"/46-61cm.

GLORIOSA DAISY
Gloriosa daisies produce masses of brilliantly colored, daisy-like flowers each with a contrasting dark center. Plants are rugged and easy to grow, providing masses of strong-stemmed flowers from mid-summer until frost. Plant in masses in the mid to back portion of flower beds. Locate in Full sun in nearly any well drained soil. Stake tall plants and cut blossoms to extend bloom period. Perennial. Full sun. Plant grows 3'/90cm.

GOETIA – Double Mix
Strong plants are smothered with candle-like buds that open to produce satiny flower cups slightly more than 1" (2.5cm) across. Flowers have a mild honey fragrance and range from white to rose, pink and lavender, with splashes of dark markings. Use in mass plantings, containers and cut flowers. Prefers cool weather. May bloom into fall if summer is mild. Water only as necessary. Requires little care. Annual. Full/Partial sun. Plants grows 12-30"/30-75cm.

GOURDS – Birdhouse
Fast growing vines produce attractive and functional fruits called Bird House or Bottle Gourds. Since plants are so vigorous, they can be used to beautify fences, trellises or other areas of the garden. Fruits should be allowed to ripen on the vine. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 10-20' (3-6m).

GOURDS – Crown of Thorns
Fun for kids and adults to grow! Attractive plants produce interesting, colorful 4-5" (10-30cm) gourds in a variety of beautiful colors, each with 10 fingers pointing towards the blossom end. Harvest in time to use of holiday decorations or for craft projects. Plants will produce better if supported off the ground on fence or trellis. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 10-20' (3-6m).

GOURDS – Fancy Small Mix
These tropical vines produce brightly colored, hard-shelled, unusually-shaped inedible fruit. Since plants are so vigorous, they can be used to beautify fences, trellises or other areas of the garden. Plants grow in almost any soil and conditions. Fruits should be allowed to ripen on the vine. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 10-20' (3-6m).

GYPSOPHILIA – Covent Gardens
This beautiful variety produces a cloud of beautiful white flowers. Plants make ideal companions to showier flowers in the border. It is also beautiful hanging from the side of a wall. Excellent fresh or dried in flower arrangements. Dry flowers by hanging upside down in a dry, shady location. Plants are drought tolerant once established. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 24"/61cm.

HELICHRYSUM – Double Tall Mix
One of the most popular everlasting flowers, strawflowers produce colorful, pompom-like flowers that are excellent for use fresh and dried. They come in a wide range of colors, are easy-to-grow, not fussy about soil, and need only moderate watering. Plant with other summer flowers. Harvest flowers just before center opens. Stake or

support tall plants. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 24-36"/60-90 cm.
HOLLYHOCK – Chater's Mix
This is the true, old fashioned perennial hollyhock. Beautiful plants produce tall flower spikes that are perfect for use in the back of a flower bed, along walls or fences and to screen unwanted views. Large 3-5"(8-13cm) single flowers come in a wide color range, and produce from mid-summer to fall. Sometimes grown as a biennial. Established plants tolerate dry conditions. After blooming, cut stalks off at the base. Perennial. Full sun. Plants grow 5-9'/1.5-1.8m.

IMPATIENS – Sultani Hybrid Mixed
This popular shade-loving annual produces clusters of 2"(5cm) flowers all summer until frost. Flowers come in brilliant colors, including bi colors with center "eyes" and stars. While most flowers are single petaled, some are double. Excellent for beds, borders, patio pots and hanging baskets. No flowering annual performs better in shade. Versatile summer performer. Annual. Partial sun/shade. Plants grow 12"/30cm.

IMPATIENS – Accent Pink, Accent Red or Accent White
Large 2"/5cm flowers are a brilliant shade of pink (red or white). While most flowers have single petals, some are double. Excellent for beds, borders, patio pots and hanging baskets. Plants do best in rich sandy loam and must be kept moist. Versatile summer performer. Annual. Partial sun/shade. Plants grow 12"(30cm).

KALE – Ornamental Flowering
This edible ornamental makes a colorful addition to autumn gardens. The beauty of flowering Kale comes not from the blooms, rather from the crinkly colorful foliage rosettes that combine light green, white and rose shades. Leaves may be eaten as regular kale and used as a novel garnish. Sow in late summer and transplant to garden in early fall. Partial/Full sun. Annual. Plants grow 12"/30cm.

LARKSPUR – Giant Imperial
Related to delphiniums, these statuesque annuals provide tall spikes of feathery flowers in many different colors. These natives of Southern Europe are ideal anywhere height is needed. Self-seeding is common, but volunteers will be smaller. Cut flowers can be dried. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 3-5'/90-150cm.

LAVATERA – Loveliness (RoseMallow) or Trimestris Silvercup
A longtime favorite, rose mallow grows quickly into an upright bushy annual covered with stunning hibiscus-like flowers. The satiny, glistening petals are rose pink with darker veins. Use for a temporary summer hedge or screen, background; good for cutting. Don't overwater once established. Locate in partial sun in hot climates. Pick faded flowers. Annual. Partial/Full sun. Plants grow 36-48"/90-120cm.

LINUM – Scarlet Flax
Delicate, lacy plants are covered with sup-shaped deep red flowers with a satin sheen from late spring through summer. Plants are easy to grow and combine well with other wildflowers. Use also in mixed flower borders combined with other sun loving flowers. Water only as necessary. Requires little care and grows well in poor soils with good drainage. Plants often re-seed. Annual. Full Sun. Plants grow 24"/60cm.

LOBELIA – Color Cascade/or Sapphire Trailing
Clusters of tiny colorful flowers are featured on this annual that blooms all summer until fall frost. Perfect for hanging baskets or window boxes in sunny or partially sunny areas. Can also be used as an edging, foreground plant or in masses. In very hot climates, plant in partial sun. If heat stops the blooming, shear plants. Annual. Partial/full sun. Plants grow 4-6"/10-15cm.

LUNARIA – Money Plant
A hardy biennial, Lunaria, known as the money plant is a favorite in dried flower arrangements. The flowers are purple and white, but the plant is grown mostly for the seed pod, which is round, flat, silvery white and paper thin. When dried, the seed pods make an attractive and unique addition to bouquets or dried flowers. When pods turn brown cut stems to the ground. Biennial/Annual. Partial/full sun. Plants grow 18-36"/45-90 cm.

LUPINS – Russell's Mixture
Lupine produces spectacular flower spikes in a wide range of separate colors and bicolors. Plants are mounded and covered with deeply cut attractive foliage. Use in mass plantings or in the mid to back portion of mixed beds. Excellent cut flower. Does best in cool weather and with some afternoon shade. Before sowing, soak seeds overnight in water or nick/file seed coat lightly. Perennial. Partial/Full sun. Plants grow 30-48"/75-120cm.

MARIGOLDS:

Crackerjack
Marigolds are among the most popular and easiest to grow annuals, blooming all summer until fall frost. This tall, African type, produces large yellow, orange and gold carnation-like flowers. Ideal anywhere height is needed, including against walls, fences and as a cut flower. Plants tolerate a little dryness and ordinary garden soil. Bait to prevent damage to young plants from snails, slugs and earwigs. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 30-36"/75-90cm.

French Dwarf Min
This dwarf, French type, produces small yellow and orange flowers that resemble miniature carnations. Ideal in borders, edgings, in masses or in containers. Plants tolerate a little dryness and ordinary garden soil. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 9-12"/22-30cm.

Petite Yellow
This dwarf, French type, produces small 1"92.5cm) yellow flowers that resemble miniature carnations. Perfect for borders, edgings, in masses or in containers. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 9-12"/22-30cm.

Queen Sophia
This truly unique variety has been singled out as an "All Time" All America Selections Winner. Attractive plants produce large blooms that change color as the flowers mature. Annual. Full Sun. Plants grow 9-12"/22-30cm.

Sparky
This dwarf, French type, produces small yellow and orange flowers that resemble miniature carnations. Ideal in borders, edgings, in masses or in containers. Plants tolerate dryness and ordinary garden soil. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 9-12"/22-30cm.

MATTHIOLA- Evening Scented Stocks
Attractive plants produce wonderfully fragrant blossoms. Plants grow best in cool weather and have a long bloom season. Because of their pleasant fragrance they are often planted close to patios, decks, walks and doorways where the scent can be appreciated. Hardy Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 2'(61 cm.)

MIRABILIS – Four O'Clock
So named because flowers don't open until mid-afternoon, and then, will remain open until the following morning or longer on cloudy days. The 1"(2.5cm), trumpet-shaped flowers are fragrant and vary in color and pattern so much that no two are identical. Ideal for beds, borders or low hedge. Plants need a sunny location, but will grow well in poor soil and resists heat, high humidity and air pollution. Roots may be dug and stored over winter in cold climates. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 20-24"/60-75cm.

MORNING GLORY:

Early Call Mix/Heavenly Blue/Pearly Gates/Scarlet O'Hara
These varieties produce a profusion of 4"(10cm) trumpet-shaped flowers. Colours range from blue, purple, pink, scarlet to white. The attractive dark green foliage is very dense, making vines useful for covering trellises, banks and tree stumps. Also good in baskets. Plants tolerate a wide range of soil conditions and are drought-resistant. Vines may require support. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 10-15'/3-4.5 m.

MORNING GLORY – Moonflower White
Fragrant, giant white flowers (6"/15cm across) open in late afternoon and remain open until mid-morning or the following day. Plants grow to 15' (4.6m) high and have large, decorative, heart-shaped leaves. Use on screens, trellises, lamp posts, mailboxes, dead trees, anywhere climbing color is desired. Also good on banks. Avoid overwatering or too much fertilizer. Vines require support. Annual. Full sun.

MYOSOTIS – Forget-Me-Nots
Hardy and easy to grow, forget-me-nots are covered with dainty blue flowers during spring and early summer. They make an unforgettable sight when planted with spring-flowering bulbs, and are perfect for naturalizing and in rock gardens. Does best during cool weather and in a location shaded from hot sun. Keep soil moist. Biennials bloom the second year, produce seeds and die. Biennial. Partial sun. Plants grow 8-12"/20-30cm.

NASTURTIUMS:

Easy to grow plants with beautiful flowers. Young leaves and flowers have a flavour like watercress and may be used in salads

DOUBLE SCARLET GLEAM

Plants are covered with beautiful double scarlet flowers. Free blooming plants trail and will climb with support. Excellent for covering trellises, spilling over walls, in hanging baskets and window boxes. Plants grow to 48-72"/120-180 cm.

DWARF CHERRY ROSE

Free blooming plants are covered with colorful, semi-double flowers carried well above the foliage. The compact, bushy plants are excellent for mass plantings, edging and in containers. Plants grow 10-12"/25-30 cm.

DWARF JEWEL MIX

Dwarf plants are covered with beautiful flowers in a range of bright colors. These fragrant, free blooming plants tolerate drought and poor soils. Excellent for bedding and pots. Plants grow 12"/30 cm.

GLEAM MIX

Plants are smothered with semi-double to double flowers in scarlet, orange and golden yellow. Free blooming plants are semi-trailing and carry their flowers well above the foliage. Use in hanging baskets, window boxes, and other containers, or for spilling over low walls. Excellent for mass plantings. Plants grow 12-24"/30-60cm.

SINGLE TALL CLIMBING

Plants are covered with beautiful flowers in a range of bright colors. Free blooming plants are trailing and will climb with support. Excellent for covering trellises, spilling over walls, in hanging baskets and window boxes. Plants grow 48-72"/120-180 cm.

WHIRLYBIRD

Plants are covered with beautiful flowers in a range of bright colors. These fragrant, free blooming plants tolerate drought and poor soils. Excellent for bedding and pots. Plants grow 18-24"/46-61

NICOTIANA – Daylight Sensation Mixed

Stalks of beautiful star shaped flowers with a delightful fragrance and are produced all summer and into fall. Colors range from white to pink, red and lavender and blooms stay open on dull days. Use in mass plantings, mixed with other flowers, in containers; great cut flowers. Fertilize when 6"(15cm) tall and water regularly. Flower fragrance is greatest in evening. Annual. Full/Partial Sun. Plants grow 24-30"/60-75cm.

NIGELLA – Love in a Mist

This charming old-fashioned hardy annual produces attractive light blue blossoms that compliment informal borders and cottage gardens. Blossoms are an excellent choice for cutting. The seed pods are even more desirable when cut after they have ripened and dried. Plants self seed freely. Sow successively for continuous blooms. May require staking. Fertilize monthly. Annual. Partial/Full sun. Plants grow 12-24"/30-60cm.

PANSY – Swiss Giant Mix

Large multi-colored flowers marked with "faces" make Swiss Giant pansies a favorite garden flower. Plants are easy to grow and have a long blooming season. Use for edging, low borders, mixed with spring flowering bulbs, in rock gardens and in containers. Does best in cool weather and with some afternoon shade. Provide rich, well drained soil. Pick off dead blooms. Tender Perennial. Partial/Full sun. Plants grow 6-8"/15-20cm.

PENSTEMON – Rocky Mountain

Attractive plants produce handsome and brilliantly colored trumpet-like blossoms on tall spikes similar to snapdragons or foxgloves. Plants flower best during cool sunny conditions. Excellent in beds and borders and for cutting. Plants will self-sow. Do not overwater. Cut stems after flowering to encourage new growth. Tender Perennial. Full sun. Plant grows 18-24"/46-61cm.

PERENNIAL – Flower Mix

This is specially formulated blend of long lasting Perennial varieties. This balanced mix provides a range of heights, flower colors and seasons of bloom. Many are good for cutting. Fertilize when spring growth begins. Harvest flowers to encourage re-bloom. Perennial. Full sun. Plants grow – varies.

PETUNIA – Super Cascade Mix,

Burgundy Super Cascade, Pink Super Cascade, Red Super Cascade, White Cascade
Few plants rival petunias for ease of care, range of colors and masses of sweet scented flowers throughout summer and early fall. Attractive plants are covered with large showy blooms in pink, red, burgundy and white colors. The cascade varieties are excellent choices for hanging baskets but these gorgeous 4 1/2 " velvety blooms are equally stunning in beds, planters and window boxes. If summer's heat stops flower production, shear plants lightly to encourage new blooms. Fertilize twice during the summer. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 12-15"/30-38 cm.

PETUNIA – Double Glorious Mix
Impressive and fragrant mixed colours of 4 inch double blooms. Compact plants with excellent weather tolerance.

PETUNIA – Dwarf Mix

Dwarf plants are covered with showy blooms that are especially durable and weather-resistant. Use in mass plantings, mixed borders, hanging baskets, window boxes and other containers. For best results sow indoors 8-10 weeks before last spring frost. At the 3-4 leaf stage, transplant to individual small pots. Harden off before shifting to the garden. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 12-15"/30-38cm.

PETUNIA – Pink Wave

One of the best pink petunias. This unique variety spreads up to 2-4'/60-120cm and is ideal for hanging baskets, window boxes, planters and as a ground cover. Tolerates heat, cold, rain and even light frost. They require no pinching. Blooms smother the plants. Grow 6-10"/15-25cm Annual. Full sun.

PHLOX – Drummondii

This annual features fringed flower petals similar to carnations. The fragrant double flowers bloom in a variety of colors through summer and fall. Plants are compact and popular as edgings and borders, or in containers. They work well in rock gardens, and are long-lasting cut flowers. Plants tolerate poor soil and dry conditions. They bloom best in cooler weather. Pick old flowers to prolong blooming. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 7-8"/18-20cm.

PHYSALIS – Chinese Lantern

Inflated orange-red seed pods resembling Chinese lanterns develop late in the summer and are excellent for use in fresh and dried arrangements. The colorful "lanterns" develop as a papery husk or the ripening berries. Flowers are white and rather inconspicuous. Cut stems when "lanterns" reach full color; dry by hanging small clusters upside down in a dry, shady location. Perennial. Partial/Full sun. Plants grow 15-18"/38-45cm.

POPPY – Iceland Mix or Oriental Brilliant Scarlet

Eye-catching cup shaped flowers, textured like crepe paper, are produced atop tall stems. Blooms – from single to semi-double – open from nodding, puffy buds. Use in mass plantings, mixed with other flowers, or as a border. Does best in cool weather. Fertilize when first flower buds form. Pick off dead blooms. Perennial. Partial/ Full sun. Plants grow 15-18"(38-45cm)/Iceland Mix; 3'(.9m)/Scarlet

POPPY – Shirley Double Mix
Spectacular fringed flowers – almost like crepe paper – are carried well above the plants on willow stems. Colors include shades of white, pink, rose and red as well as bicolors. Use in mass plantings or blend with other late-spring, early summer flowers. Excellent for naturalizing and in country gardens. Water only as necessary. Requires little care, reseeds where adapted. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 24-30"/60-75cm.

PORTULACA – Double Mix

Low-growing plants with succulent stems and leaves are covered with jewel-bright flowers. Colors include white, and shades of yellow, orange, pink, violet, scarlet and bicolors. Plants are easy to grow and are excellent in hot, sunny locations. Use for edging in rock gardens, hanging baskets and between stepping stones. Tolerate heat and some drought, but does best when watered. Reseeds where adapted. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 3-6"/7.5-15cm.

PRIMROSE – Evening Primrose

Bright yellow, cup-shaped flowers atop sturdy plants open in the evening and on cloudy days throughout summer. Flowering effect is dramatic, making this an excellent addition to mixed flower borders. Naturalize in open, sunny areas. Small birds are attracted to the abundant seeds that develop in late summer. Water until plants are established, minimally thereafter. Biennials bloom in second year, produce seeds and die. Biennial. Full sun. Plants grow 36-60"/90-150cm.

PYRETHRUM – Robinson Giant

Pyrethrum produces masses of graceful, brightly colored 3"(8cm.) daisy-like blooms during the summer. The attractive plants form clumps that are long lived and not invasive. Plants are easy to grow and nearly maintenance free. Plant in masses in the mid to back portion of the flower bed. One of the best perennials for cutting. Harvest flowers to prolong bloom period. After flowering, cut stems to ground level to stimulate second crop of flowers. Perennial. Partial/Full sun. Plants grow 24"/60cm.

RUDBECKIA – Black Eyed Susan

Gloriosa daisies produce masses of brilliantly colored, daisy-like flowers each with a contrasting dark center. Plants are rugged and easy to grow, providing masses of strong-stemmed flowers from mid summer until frost. Locate in full sun in nearly any well drained soil. Stake tall plants and cut blossoms to extend bloom period. Perennial. Full sun. Plants grow 3'/90cm.

RUDBECKIA – Goldstrum
Sturdy, upright growing plants produce warm-toned daisy-like flowers all summer and into fall. Long, strong stems make the flowers excellent for cutting. Combine with other sun loving flowers in the mid to back portion of the garden, or use in out-of-the-way areas and site with poor soil. Tolerates heat and some drought, but does best when watered. To assure re-seeding, allow some flowers to mature on the plants. Upon drying, pods will open and release seeds. Perennial. Full sun. Plants grow 24-36"/60-90cm.

SALVIA – Blue Bedder
Attractive plants are punctuated by brilliant spikes of blue flowers held above the deep green foliage. The showy flowers are especially attractive combined with white flowers or gray foliage plants. Use in mass plantings, mixed beds and containers. Harvest flowers regularly to encourage re-bloom. Annual. Partial/Full sun. Plants grow 12-15"/30-38cm.

SALVIA – St. John's Fire
Dwarf, compact plants are punctuated by brilliant spikes of scarlet red flowers held above the deep green foliage. The showy flowers are especially attractive combined with white flowers or gray foliage plants. Use in mass plantings, mixed beds, and containers. Attracts hummingbirds. Plant in rich, well drained soil. Water regularly and fertilize twice during the summer. Annual. Partial/Full sun. Plants grow 12-15"/30-38cm.

SNAPDRAGON – Magic Carpet
This is a dwarf, compact form of a longtime garden favorite known for its brilliantly colored flowers. Colors include white, yellow, pink, scarlet and shades in-between. Use in mass plantings, for edging, mixed with other low growing flowers and in containers. Plants tolerate light frosts and do best during cool weather. When sowing, barely cover seeds with fine soil. In mild winter areas, direct seed in early fall for winter/spring blooms. Perennial/Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 7"/18cm.

SNAPDRAGON – Panorama
Vigorous, strong-stemmed plants produce masses of stunning flowers in white, and shades of yellow, pink, orange, red and crimson. Children enjoy the dragon mouth flowers that open and close when gently squeezed. Use in mass plantings and in the mid portion of mixed beds. Excellent cut flowers. When sowing, barely cover seeds with fine soil. Remove old flowers to

encourage re-blooms. Tender Perennial. Full sun. Plants grow 24-30"/60-75cm.

STATICE – Art Shades
This attractive, easy to grow annual produces open clusters of colorful flowers during summer and fall. Colors include blue, lavender, rose, cream and white. Flowers are durable and excellent for use fresh or dried. Plants aren't fussy; tolerating heat and some drought. Harvest flowers regularly to encourage re-bloom. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 24-30"/60-75cm.

STOCKS – Dwarf 10 Weeks Mix
Attractive compact plants produce wonderfully fragrant, mostly double flower spikes. Plants grow best in cool weather and have a remarkably long bloom season. Ideal for flower beds and cutting. Keep soil moist but do not overwater. Plants are heavy feeders and should be fed every 2-3 weeks. Hardy Annual. Full Sun. Plants grow 10-12"/25-30cm.

SUNFLOWERS:

COLOUR FASHION
Elegant, tall slender plants produce masses of 5-6"/13-15 cm. gold, rich yellow, deep bronze and bicolor blossoms some of which are semi-doubles. The easy-to-grow plants require minimal care and are useful for temporary screens, hedges and backgrounds. Cut flowers in the early morning when they are 50% open. Strip off lower leaves and place in water. Add preservative if available. Water regularly and fertilize twice during summer. Full sun. Plants grow 5-6'/1.5-1.8 m.

FLORISTAN
This interesting novelty variety produces masses of beautiful blossoms with striking reddish-brown petals with yellow tips and dark centers. Plants are easy-to-grow and make excellent cut flowers. Perfect for a child's garden. Full sun. Plant grows 3'/91cm.

GIANT SUNGOLD
A real showstopper! Tall, easy-to-grow plants produce full double 7-8"/19-20 cm. golden yellow blooms. Plants require minimal care and are useful for temporary screens, hedges and backgrounds. Great for cut flowers. Small plants transplant easily if moved with some soil. Full sun. Plants grow 6'/1.8 m.

HOLIDAY
Holiday has traditionally golden yellow rays with dark brown disks, 3-5"/7.5-12.5cm blooms. Multi-branching habit. Excellent cut flower. Seed head attract birds to the garden. Plants may require staking. Full sun. Plants grow 5-7'/1.5-2.1 cm.

INDIAN BLANKET
This new variety is a member of the exciting Pollen Free family. Indian Blanket is an impressive mixture of double, semi-double and single flowers in shades of red, lemon/red, and other bi-colors and combinations. All branched habit. Makes a gorgeous border and adds significantly to cut flower arrangements. Require staking. Seed heads attract birds to the garden. Full sun. Plant grows 6'/200cm.

ITALIAN WHITE
Creamy white petals surrounding a dark brown center make this variety truly unique. Thought to be an heirloom variety brought to the U.S. by European immigrants. Easy to grow, branching plants produce an abundance of cut flowers for casual bouquets. Use as a backdrop for shorter plants or as a temporary hedge. Full sun. Plants grow 4'/1.2m.

KONG
Tall, sturdy, multi-branched plants produce a mass of 4-6"/10-15cm blossoms that are attractively offset by large, dark green leaves. Plants are easy-to-grow and require minimal care. Ideal as a temporary screen, hedge or backdrop. Full sun. Plants grow 12'/3.6 m.

LARGE RUSSIAN
This is the perfect plant for a child's garden. The large seeds are easy to sow, sprout quickly and grow into towering strong-stemmed plants topped with massive blooms. Flowers are great for entering into country fair competitions. Plants require minimal care and are useful for temporary screens, hedges, and backgrounds. Harvested seed kernels are edible. Very tall plants may require staking. Seed heads attract birds to the garden. Full sun. Plants grow 8-12'/2.4-3.6 m.

MONET'S PALETTE
This new variety is a member of the exciting Pollen Free family. Monet's Palette is an exquisite array of colours and texture with single and double, artistically hued flowers. Art in the garden starts here! Plants may require staking. Plants grow 6'/200 cm.

MOONSHADOW
This new variety is a member of the exciting Pollen Free family. Moonshadow produces creamy white petals around a dark disc that are perfect for bouquets and arrangements. Flowers are born on branched plants and open bluish pink but develop into pure white. Plants may require staking. Full sun. Plants grow 4'/120 cm.

MUSICBOX
The first dwarf sunflower mixture. Eye catching, single 4-5" /10-12.5cm blossoms that are attractively offset by large, dark green leaves. Plants are easy-to-grow and require minimal care. Ideal in planters, beds and borders. Full sun. Plants grow 28'/71cm.

SORAYA
The first sunflower to win the All - America Selections award. The beautiful 4-6"/10-15 cm. flower with a deeper golden yellow than any other sunflower. The multi branching, self-supporting plants grow 5-6'/1.5-1.8m tall and will bloom from mid-summer to fall. Use in the back of borders, as a temporary hedge, for colour in the vegetable garden and for cut flowers. Very tall plants may require staking. Full sun. Plants grow 5-6'/1.5-1.8m.

SUNBRIGHT
Very uniform 4 1/2- 5'/1.3-1.5m. plants produce large blossoms with bright golden yellow petals and beautiful contracting black centers. Plants require minimal care and are useful for temporary screens, hedges and backgrounds. Excellent for cut flowers. Full Sun. Plants grows 4.5-5'/1.3-1.5m.

TEDDY BEAR
This unique dwarf variety produces brilliant double, golden flowers. The large seeds are easy to sow, sprout quickly and grow into semi-tall stemmed plants. Plants require minimal care and are useful for temporary screens, hedges and backgrounds. A small planting will produce quantities of seeds attractive to birds. Plants may require staking. Plants grow 3-4'/91-122 cm.

VELVET QUEEN
One of the darkest of all sunflowers. From mid-summer to fall this unique variety produces armloads of uniquely colored flowers that average 6"(15 cm.) across in shades of burgundy, mahogany, chestnut red and bronze with an even darker center. Use in the back of borders, as a temporary hedge, for color in vegetable gardens and for cut flowers. May require staking. Plants grow 6'/1.8 m.

SWEET PEAS:

BIJOU MIX

Bushy plants are covered with masses of brightly colored fragrant flowers carried on strong stems. Plants are early blooming, heat resistant and require no staking. Use in borders, window boxes and other containers. Plants grow 10-14"/25-35 cm. Partial to full sun.

EARLY SPENCER

Vigorous climbing vines produce an abundance of bright flowers in a rainbow of colors from mid-spring into summer. Vines can be trained on trellises, fences, screens and light posts. One of the best flowers for fragrance and an excellent cut flower. Plants grow 5-8'/1.5-2.4 m. Partial to full sun.

EVERLASTING PERENNIAL MIX

Climbing, vining plants produce sprays of white, pink and rose colored sweet pea-like flowers. Blooms all summer and into mid-fall. Plants are durable and require little care. Use to cover fences, trellises and walls. Excellent for cutting. Keep flowers harvested. Cut off vines during late fall. Plants grow 6-10'/ 180-300 cm. Full sun.

INCENSE MIX

Vigorous climbing vines produce an abundance of bright flowers in a rainbow of colors from mid-spring into summer. Vines are easy to grow and can be trained on trellises, fences, screens and light posts. One of the best flowers for fragrance and an excellent cut flower. Soak seeds in water for 24 hours before planting. Plants grow 5-8'/1.5-2.4 cm.

LITTLE SWEETHEART MIX

Compact bushy plants are covered with masses of brightly colored fragrant flowers carried on strong stems. Plants are early blooming, heat resistant and require no staking. Use in borders, window boxes and other containers. One of the best flowers for fragrance. Water regularly and fertilize when flowering begins. Plants grow 6-8"/14-20cm. Partial to full sun.

MISS WILMOTT

Here's a favorite from the early 1900's with a wonderful orange-pink, blossom cherished for it's large, 2" hooded bloom. The standard is a lighter color than the back, making for a delightful bi-color display, rich in texture and dimension. A profuse, early bloomer with a wonderful fragrance, flowers are borne in triplets on long airy stems. Plants grow to 7', providing an absolutely stunning backdrop for any garden. Makes an attractive display when trellised. Plants grow 7/2.1m. Full Sun.

OLD SPICE

This intensely "honey & orange" fragrant heirloom variety bears 1" blooms in white, rose, purple scarlet, lavender, pink and cream. Extraordinarily heat resistant. Makes an attractive display when trellised. Plant grows 5-6'/1.5-1.8 m. Partial to full sun.

ROYAL FAMILY

1-MIX 2-BLUE 3-WHITE 4-SCARLET Vigorous climbing vines produce an abundance of bright flowers in a rainbow of colors from mid-spring into summer. Vines are easy to grow and can be trained on trellises, fences, screens and light posts. One of the best flowers for fragrance and an excellent cut flower. Cut off faded flowers. Provide climbing support. Mulch to keep roots cool. Partial to full sun. Plants grow 5-8'/1.5-2.4 m.

SWEET WILLIAM – Double Mix

Attractive, mounded plants bear large, flat flower heads in a variety of colors including white, pink, rose, red, deep violet and bicolors. The fragrant double flowers are borne from late spring to mid-summer and are excellent for cutting. Use in borders, naturalized and in rock gardens. After flowering, remove spikes to encourage second blooming. Often self-sows under ideal conditions. Biennial. Full sun. Plants grow 12-24"/30-60cm.

TITHONIA – Mexican Sunflower

One of the most striking annuals for strong summer color. The brilliant orange-red daisy flowers may reach 3"(8cm) across on stems up to 6'(1.8m) tall. Attractive to butterflies and hummingbirds. Plants make an excellent summer screen or hedge. Plants cannot tolerate bad drainage. Plants take heat and even tolerate drought. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 6'/1.8m.

TRITOMA – Red Hot Poker

Red "Poker-like" flower clusters. Commonly called "Torch Lily". Plants grow in large clumps with dagger-like leaves. Unusual shaped flower heads or orange, red and yellow are quite exotic-looking in the summer garden. Water deeply but infrequently. In harsh winter areas, protect crowns by putting a layer of mulch over them. Perennial. Full sun. Plants grow 30-36"/75-90cm.

VERBENA – Ideal Florist Mix

Attractive plants provide a stunning show of color, even in hot dry weather. Plants grow 6-12"/15-30cm high and spread up to 2'/60cm wide. Excellent for mass displays in beds and borders and for edging. Popular in rock gardens

and containers. Fertilize every two weeks during flowering. Water regularly. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 12"/30cm.

VIOLA – Mixed Colors

These hardy plants bloom profusely producing small dainty bicolor blossoms. Plants are easy to grow, often blooming the first year, and have a long blooming season. Use for edging, low borders, mixed with spring flowering bulbs and in rock gardens. Does best in cool weather and with some afternoon shade. Pick off dead blooms. Tender Perennial. Partial/Full sun. Plants grow 6-8"/15-20cm.

WILDFLOWER – Rocky Mountain Mix

This is an exclusively formulated blend of colorful annual and perennial wildflowers native to North America. This mix provides a range of bloom, all with low maintenance. Use on hillsides, areas of poor soil and blend with grasses to create a meadow. Scatter seeds in early spring where winters are severe: or fall in mild climates. Rake soil lightly to cover seeds. Water only as necessary. Allow some flowers to mature on the plants; pods will open and release new seeds. Perennials/Annuals. Partial/Full sun. Plants grow to 3'/90cm.

WILDFLOWER – Pacific Coastal Blend – A unique blend of wildflowers native to the Pacific Coast. Available in the large format packet only.

ZINNIA – California Giant Giant blooms – up to 5"(12cm) across – are carried atop long, strong stems all summer and into fall. The mix includes a full range of radiant colors. Use in mass plantings, children's gardens and mixed sunny beds. Excellent for cutting. Water regularly and fertilize twice during the summer. To reduce diseases, plant where are circulation is good and avoid watering overhead late in the day. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 30-36"/75-90cm.

ZINNIA – Giant Cactus Mix

The unique frilly-edged blooms of the cactus-flowered mix are massive – some up to 6"(15cm) diameter. Flowers come in a full range of colors and area carried atop a long, strong stems all summer and into fall. Use in mass plantings and mixed sunny beds. Excellent for cutting. Harvest flowers regularly to encourage re-blooms. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 30-36"/75-90cm.

ZINNIA – Lilliput Mixed North America's most popular flower to grow from seed. This excellent variety produces loads of spectacular double and semi-double 1 ½ - 2"(4-5cm) blooms on bushy compact plants from early summer until frost. Use in mass plantings and mixed beds. To reduce diseases, plant where air circulation is good and avoid watering overhead late in the day. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 24"/61cm.

ZINNIA – Thumbelina Charming dwarf plants produce low, compact mounds covered with single and semi-double flowers all summer and into fall. Flowers come in a full range of showy colors. Use for mass plantings, edgings, mix with other low growing sun-loving plants, or in containers and window boxes. Direct seed one week before the last spring frost or so indoors 3-4 weeks before last spring frost. Annual. Full sun. Plants grow 6-8"/15-20cm.

HERBS:

Herbs are low maintenance – all you really need to do is provide water when necessary. Lightly feed with a general purpose fertilizer as too much can adversely affect the production of the essential oils responsible for flavor and aroma. Herbs that are grown for their leaves should not be allowed to flower as this will signal an end to vegetative growth. Perennial herbs may be sown outdoors in August/September. Many herbs may also be grown indoors on a sunny window or under lights during the winter. Sow seeds outdoors in a sunny site in mid to late May (early June for basil) or start them inside and transplant after the danger of frost has passed.

ANISE

75 days

Anise is an attractive, fine-textured herb grown for its licorice-scented leaves and delicately flavored seeds. The sweet tasting leaves are used in salads, with cooked vegetables, and as a garnish. Add the aromatic seeds to fruit salads and sauces, soups and baked goods. Plants grow 24-30"/60-75cm tall. Annual.

BORAGE

75 days

Grown as a garden flower and for its useful leaves and blooms. The leaves have a mild cucumber taste and are used to flavor salads, pickles, cream cheese spreads and cold drinks. The delicate blue flowers are used as an attractive garnish. Plants grow 24-36" (60-90cm) tall and are commonly planted in flower gardens. Flowers attract bees. Annual.

CARAWAY

70 days

Caraway plants produce aromatic, finely divided leaves and licorice seeds. Plants grow 18-24" (45-60cm) tall. Seeds are used to flavor baked goods, cheeses, soups, salads and meats. Start seed in mid-September or early spring. Biennial.

CATNIP

75 days

Catnip is a durable, easy to grow perennial used mainly as a treat for cats. The aroma of the leaves, whether fresh or dried, makes cats kittenish and playful. Plants grow 24-30"/60-75cm tall and produce pale pink or white flower spikes. Plant in mixed flower and herb gardens, or in containers for growing indoors or out. Perennial. Partial/Full Sun.

CHAMOMILE

80 days

Native to Europe and West Asia, Chamomile is one of the oldest and most popular garden herbs. The aromatic plants produce a large quantity of attractive daisy-like flowers on tall 24-30" (60-76cm) stems. The fresh herb has a pleasing apple-like scent. The flowers make delicious tea which is noted for soothing indigestion and its sleep inducing effects. The flower heads also make a pretty addition to potpourri. Annual. Partial/Full Sun.

CHERVIL

70 days

Chervil grows 12-18" (30-45cm) tall and produces fine, light green leaves that are very aromatic. Leaves are used to add their delicious, mild, anise-like flavor to meat dishes, omelets, sauces and salads, and are a classic ingredient in French cuisine. Partial Sun.

CHIVES

80 days

Chives are easy to grow and make a colorful, useful addition to any garden. The slender grass-like leaves have a delicate onion flavor and are used for flavoring soups, stews, dips, and salads. Plant with flowers, vegetables, or other herbs; use as an edging or in pots – indoors or out. Divide clumps every two years. Perennial. Partial/Full Sun.

CILANTRO Or CORIANDER

65 days

This popular herb is known as cilantro when grown for its distinctively flavored leaves. It's called coriander when grown for its aromatic, flavorful seeds. Plants grow 18-24" (45-60cm) tall. The leaves are used in salads, salsa and numerous Mexican and Oriental dishes. Seeds are used to flavor pastries, beans, meats and fish dishes. Annual. Full Sun.

DILL

70 days

One of the most popular herbs, Dill is a very easy to grow reaching 3-5'/90-150cm tall. The uniquely flavored leaves are used in salads, dips, vinegars, and meat, fish and vegetable dishes. The seeds are essential in many pickle recipes, and are used to flavor baked goods, cheeses and egg dishes. A pretty plant with lacy foliage. Annual.

LAVENDER - French

2nd year

Lavender is grown for both its pleasantly scented leaves and its colorful flowers. Plants grow into compact mounds 18-24"/45-60cm tall with small gray leaves and lavender-colored flower spikes. Use to perfume soaps, pillows, sachets, bath water, and in flower arrangements. Plant as a low hedge or edging. Tender Perennial.

LEMON BALM

75 days

Lovely herb with beautiful, well-shaped leaves. The delightfully lemon scented plants are easy to grow and spreads much like mint. Honeybees love it and are supposed to be "calmed" by it. The leaves are often used in salads, sauces, jellies, custards, fruit drinks, teas and potpourris. Small plants can be grown indoors in a sunny location. Tender Perennial.

MARJORAM Sweet

70 days

The small rounded leaves on sweet Marjoram have a spicy sweet aroma and flavor. A half-hardy perennial growing to about 12"/30cm tall, Sweet Marjoram is grown as an annual in all but the mildest winter areas where it lives over. Use leaves in soups, salads, vinegars, casseroles and with meat

and fish dishes. It is said that this herb is a must when cooking with 'strong meats'.

OREGANO

85 days

Prized for its flavorful leaves, this herb is widely used in several Mediterranean cuisines as well as in many Mexican dishes. Plants grow about 10"/25cm tall. Use the leaves in salad dressings, meat loaf, stews, and other meat dishes. Goes hand in hand with most tomato dishes. Perennial.

ROSEMARY

85 days

This shrubby evergreen is grown both for its attractive light blue flowers and its aromatic gray-green leaves. Rosemary grows as a year 'round landscape plant where winters are mild. Where winter temperatures drop into the teens, grow as a potted plant and bring indoors during cold months. Use sprigs to flavor meat dishes, olive oil and vinegars. Plant growth is slow, sow indoors in late fall. Perennial.

SAGE - Garden

70 days

Sage is an easy to herb producing attractive flowers and flavorful leaves that are pebbly textured and usually gray-green. Plants grow 18-30" (45-75cm) tall. Use leaves for stuffing, meat dishes, stews, chowders and cheeses. A fragrant slightly bitter herb. Perennial.

SAVORY - Summer

55 days

Summer Savory is an easy to grow annual producing attractive flowers and sweet, tangy-flavored leaves. Plants reach 12-18"/30-45cm tall and grow well in gardens and in containers. The leaves are used in salads, soups, sauces, egg dishes, meats and vinegars. Annual.

SORREL

70 days

The prolific flower stalks grow to 1-2'/30-60cm tall. When used in salads, it provides a tangy, somewhat citrus flavor. Enjoy the leaves in salads, in sorrel soup or cook like spinach. Use to season vegetable soups, omelets, lamb and beef dishes, and in sauces for fish, poultry and pork. Perennial. Partial/Full Sun.

SWEET BASILS

The undisputed King of the Herbs. Aromatic and romantic. Indispensable in Italian cuisine. Easy to grow. Quick freezing is the best way to preserve basil.

DARK OPAL BASIL

80 days

An attractive ornamental and a delectable tasting herb. Plants grow 18-24"/45-60cm tall and produce shiny purple leaves that are fringed and ruffled. Plants make a colorful addition to flower gardens and grow well in containers. Annual. Partial/Full Sun.

GENOVESE BASIL

80 days

You will make perfect pesto every time with this variety! This is a very spicy taste just waiting to get out of the large, 2"(5cm) long, dark green leaves. A classic ingredient of Italian pesto, basil's popularity comes from the refreshing, aromatic flavor of the leaves. Annual. Partial/Full Sun.

LEMON BASIL

80 days

Develops into an attractive, bushy plant 12"/30cm tall. Adds a mild flavor of lemon to any tomato dishes, soups, salads and with fish and poultry. Grows well in containers and makes a good addition to flower borders. Annual. Partial/Full Sun.

SWEET BASIL

80 days

This prolific grower produces relatively large leaves that are used fresh or dried in poultry, meat or fish dishes or tomato based sauces. Be careful when adding the leaves - a little goes a long way! Thick, robust plants grow from 1-1.5' (50-45cm) tall. Makes a good addition to flower borders, with pretty white and purple flowers. Annual. Partial/Full Sun.

THYME - Common English

(Winter)

80 days

This popular herb has tiny oval leaves with a flavor that mingles well with other herbs. Thyme leaves and sprigs are used for flavoring meats, stuffing, stews, soups and fish dishes. Plants grow 6-8" (15-20cm) tall and are ideal as an edging, and in rock gardens and between stepping stones. Perennial.

VEGETABLES

Enjoy the simple pleasure of growing and eating your own vegetables, freshly picked, bursting with flavor and nutrients. Enjoy the newest, improved varieties for reliable crops. Grow hard to find gourmet vegetables without spending a fortune. There is a sense of pride and accomplishment that comes with growing your own vegetables and for superb taste, top quality and freshness; nothing comes close to what you can grow yourself! Unless other-wise noted, vegetables require full sun for best results!

ARUGULA – Roquette

35 days

Punchy, distinctive tasting, spinach-like greens common in the Mediterranean, the long, dark green, lobed leaves form a loose, open bunch. Adds zing to salads, or cooked and served with spinach. Grow for spring and fall crop. Quick growth and a cool season are best for this plant. After plants flower, leaves may still be used but taste is sharper.

ASPARAGUS – Mary Washington
Begin harvest the 3rd spring after planting. Long a home garden favourite. Flavorful, large thick shoots are dark green with a purplish cast. Its rust resistance means plants remain vigorous and produce for 15 or more years. Perennial plants grow tall and should be located at the back of the garden.

BUSH BEANS:

With minimal effort and relatively little space, you can produce tremendous yields of beans from compact bush-type or graceful pole-type varieties.

Culture: Beans tolerate a wide range of soil types. Their best growth is in light, organic, well drained soil with a pH of about 6.5. Beans have a distinct dislike for cold, wet soils, so sow seed only after the soil has warmed to at least 16c(60F). Sow 1”(2.5cm) deep and 3”(8cm) apart in rows spaced 18-28”(45-70cm) apart. To ensure a continuous harvest, sow bush-type varieties every 10 days until mid-July. Keep beans evenly watered, particularly when the plants are in flower and when production of the pods start. Avoid the use of high nitrogen fertilizer. Nitrogen promotes excessive foliage. Avoid disturbing beans when leaves are damp to reduce the incidence of disease. Harvest early as possible in the day.
Full sun.

GREEN BUSH BEANS

BLUE LAKE 274

50-65 Days

This snap bean features smooth, round, meaty pods that are dark green and slightly blue in color. They are delicious fresh, and unbeatable for canning and freezing. Available in both bush and pole types. Bush grows on shorter, self-supporting plants. Pick regularly when pods are plump.

ROYAL BURGUNDY

60-75 Days

This unusual purple podded snap bean features smooth, round, meaty pods. They are delicious fresh, and unbeatable for canning and freezing. Vigorous plants produce heavy yields. Pods turn dark green when cooked indicating the perfect blanching time for freezing. Early season market garden favorite. Brown seed.

STRINGLESS GREEN POD

50-65 Days

This snap bean features smooth, round, meaty pods that are medium green in color. They are delicious fresh, and unbeatable for canning and freezing. Very tender, stringless pods that grow about 6”(15cm) long. Excellent heat tolerance. Brown seed.

TENDERGREEN

50-60 Days

This snap bean produces tender, crisp green pods. Beans grow on short, self-supporting vines, and will ripen in just 50-60 days. Plants are both insect and disease resistant. This snap bean is delicious fresh, and also excellent for canning and freezing. An extraordinarily heavy producer, yielding succulent, sweet 6”(15cm) long beans. Black seed.

PENCIL POD BLACK WAX

52 Days

Dependable and productive, this unique wax bush is black-seeded. Tall, vigorous plants produce an excellent choice bean for freezing. Stocky. Fleshy light yellow pods, long and quite tender; generally stringless. Black seed.

TOPNOTCH GOLDEN WAX

45 Days

This tender yellow wax bean produces an abundance of thick, flat, golden yellow pods, 5 ½”-11cm long and 5/8”-1.4cm wide. Fairly straight and stringless. An improved golden wax having better productivity, hardiness and length of pod.

ROMANO BUSH

60 Days

Bushy plants produce flattened 14 cm green pods with excellent distinct flavour. A favourite for many.

FAVA/BROAD BEAN

These robust, upright plants produce very large meaty beans. While mature pods are inedible, the distinctively flavored beans contained within them are superb fresh or dried for winter use. The seeds germinate well in cooler soil with the best top growth and seed fill occurring in the cooler weather of late spring and early summer. Plant the seeds early in the spring about the same time as garden peas.

FAVA WINDSOR

70-90 Days

An ideal bean for areas with a cool climate or short season. Plants grow 3-4’(90-120cm) tall, producing showy purple and white flowers and large plump pods. Serve cooked with butter, steamed or pureed. Also makes an excellent dry bean. Freezes well. Sow directly in the garden in early spring in most areas; mid-fall in mild winter areas.

FILET BEANS

SERENGETI

55 Days

A fancy French Filet beans with 14 cm long straight smooth green pods Strong upright plants with high yields and tender pods. Good disease resistance.

POLE BEANS

Pole beans offer the home gardener a bountiful harvest where space is limited. As a bonus, most varieties possess ornamental value worth exploring.

The growth requirements for pole beans are mostly the same as bush beans. The main difference is pole beans need to be grown on trellises, open weaving fencing, nylon bean netting strung between supports or on bamboo or pole teepees. Securely anchor temporary structures to prevent collapse during the growing season. Make sure irrigation supplements rainfall during droughty weather.

BLUE LAKE POLE

50-65 Days

This snap bean features smooth, round, meaty pods that are dark green and slightly blue in color. Good fresh but renowned for their canning and freezing qualities. Tall vigorous vines. Plant pole type beans just once. If you had but one bean to grow... this might be the one! White seed.

KENTUCKY BLUE POLE

50-65 Days

This is probably the most widely grown green bean. Known for its abundance of smooth, round, meaty pods; this snap bean is delicious fresh and great for canning and freezing. White seed.

KENTUCKY WONDER WAX POLE

50-65 Days

If you haven't tasted fresh-picked home-grown snap beans, you're in for a tender, juicy, sweet surprise. This unique golden variety is known for its abundance of smooth, round, meaty pods. This snap bean is delicious fresh and also great for canning and freezing. The pods are a beautiful buttery yellow. Brown seeds.

SCARLET RUNNER POLE

75-80 Days

This easy to grow bean is both an ornamental climber and edible. Plants grow rapidly to 6’(1.8m) or more, producing beautiful bright red flowers and long 6-12”(15-30cm) pods. Enjoy pods young as snap beans and as dry beans when mature. Plants may be used as a hedge, or to decorate a patio or trellis. The stringless pods are delicious harvested and cooked young.

BEET

As a source of both tender greens and brightly colored, fleshy edible roots, beets are a welcome addition to any garden. Beets grow best and color is the most intense in the cooler temperatures of late spring and early summer. Over watering or excessive rainfall may lead to excessive leaf growth and pale or small roots. Beets can also be grown in containers.

CYLINDRA

60 days

This fine textured cylindrical beet produces extremely tender baby beet slices. The roots are tender and delicious, and can be utilized fresh, canned or pickled. Their reddish green leaves also make good tasting greens. Beets are easy to grow and tolerate a wide range of conditions, but prefer cool weather.

DETROIT DARK RED

60 days

This variety is the standard bearer of the beet family. The quick maturity, sweet earthy taste and uniform shape make this variety the perfect candidate for canning, freezing or pickling.

EARLY WONDER

52 days

The globular, dark red roots of this aptly named variety are tender and delicious. It is quick to mature so you can harvest then replant the area with other more heat-loving vegetables. A favorite variety for greens.

RED ACE

53 days

The hybrid vigor of this cool-weather variety produces round, red beets on strong, disease-resistant, fast-growing plants; which have a long harvest period. Excellent fresh, canned or pickled.

BROCCOLI – Waltham

80 days

This cool-weather relative of cabbage is easy to grow, producing a large head. The vitamin-rich head is actually a cluster of tiny flower buds. After the head is harvested, it “sprouts” numerous small heads. Sow in early spring or fall, or plant transplants. Delicious fresh, frozen, raw or steamed. Staking may be required.

BRUSSEL SPROUT- Long

90 days

Comparatively dwarf, this variety becomes well covered with firm, miniature cabbage-like sprouts on 24”/60cm stems, maturing relatively early allowing much leniency in planting times. After steaming, try tossing these little gems with a pat of butter, a squirt of lemon and roasted pecans for a real taste experience. Flavor is improved by significant fall frosts.

CABBAGE**DANISH BALLHEAD**

100 days

These tightly wrapped heads weigh between 6-10 lbs/2.5-4kg medium to large heads grow to 8”/20cm in diameter. Danish Ballhead is specially suited for fall harvest and stores well in winter. This flavorful cabbage is enjoyed fresh, cooked or used as sauerkraut.

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD

63 days

These unique conical heads with compact, medium green leaves weigh in at approximately 2 lbs/1kg. The greenish white interior provides excellent flavor. Valuable early maturing makes this variety a must for home and market garden use. Yellow resistant.

GOLDEN ACRE

70 days

This unique variety is a heavy producer of giant round heads. Vigorous plants are easy to grow, but should be timed so heads mature in cool weather. The vitamin-rich heads are delicious cooked or raw in salads and coleslaw. Tolerates closer spacing and is an excellent choice for poorer soils. Yellow resistant.

PAK CHOI

55days

Also known as Bok Choy, this is a non-heading Chinese cabbage that is delicious and easy to grow. Leaves and stalks are tender-crisp, sweet, and mild flavored, especially if timed for cool weather. Use leaves fresh in salads or stir-fried; stalks can be used fresh like celery, or stir-fried. Plant resembles Swiss Chard.

RED EXPRESS

62 days

This deep red variety is a heavy producer of tasty round heads. Vigorous plants are easy to grow, but should be timed so heads mature in cool weather. Makes a stunning addition to salads and holds its excellent flavour when cooked.

SAVOY CHIEFTAIN

90 days

A medium-sized drumhead shaped variety, with dark green, closely crimped or savoyed leaves. Solid, broad 9-10”/25cm heads, weighing in at 6-8lbs/2.7kg stand a long time. Excellent in hot or cold slaw. Withstands fall frosts better than other varieties and is reputed to be the best tasting of all types of cabbages.

CARROT

Carrots will grow in any open, well cultivated, deep garden soil. As seed is so small mix with some sand when sowing. Keep the seedbed evenly moist during the 3 week germination period. Thin seedlings. Harvest anytime after the carrot roots develop good color. Successive plantings can be made every 2-3 weeks. Full Sun

BABY FINGER

65 days

This tiny gourmet favorite grows only 3 ½”/8cm long. An ideal variety for small gardens and containers. Their smooth skin and fine grained texture make them perfect for serving whole. Delicious raw, cooked or frozen. Like other carrots, it is rich in food value and stores well.

CHANTENAY

65-75 days

Here’s a shorter, stump-shaped carrot that is broad at the top, but tapers into a stump root. It is a great choice to grow in average garden soil. This bright orange carrot has a fine flavor. It is a good all-purpose variety that stores well and can be used in all stages.

DANVERS HALF LONG

70-80 days

The roots are almost perfectly cylindrical at about 6-7”/15-18cm long. It is reddish-orange, with a tender skin and very sweet taste. Rich in food value, it is an all-purpose variety that stores well and can be used in all stages. Great for canning or storing.

IMPERATOR LONG

74 days

When Bugs Bunny thinks of carrots, he probably thinks of this variety. Here’s a standard market carrot that has a long, tapered shape. It is a rich orange color and is sweet and delicious. Rich in food value, it has a variety of uses and stores well. Does best in a deep well worked soil.

NANTES CORELESS

65-75 days

Here is a long, fine-grained carrot that is nearly coreless. A rich orange color, it is delicious raw, cooked or frozen. Cylindrical and blunt ended.

RAINBOW BLEND

60 Days

Sweet, crunchy carrots perfect for the roadside market in eye catching range of colours. An ideal addition to brighten a dish or salad.

CAULIFLOWER – Snowball Self

Blanche 55-65 days

A cool-weather vegetable that is both delicious and attractive. It produces uniform, white flower heads that are tightly clustered. This is an early variety that is good in short growing-season areas. Can be eaten raw, pickled, cooked or steamed.

CELERY – Paris Golden 110-115 days

This slow-growing, cool-weather vegetable produces long, creamy white stalks that are crisp and delicious. Stalks remain tight, so blanching is not necessary. Can be grown for both summer or fall harvest. Delicious by itself or as an additive in soups, salads or stews. Cut the entire plant or simply pull outer stalks for use.

CHICORY – Witloof 110-130 days

Popularly known as Belgian or French Endive, the root of this plant is grown like a carrot in summer, dug and cold stored for winter forcing. The result, the “chicon”, is a uniquely flavored bullet-shaped delicacy, wonderful served as a leafy vegetable for salads, or lightly steamed with butter.

COLLARDS – Vates

70-80 days

This non-heading member of the cabbage family produces nutritious leaves popular in the South as a cooked vegetable green. This variety is a vigorous grower that produces tender, juicy, blue-green leaves. Plants are easy to grow and tolerant of heat and cold. Delicious boiled, steamed or in salads.

SWEET CORN

Sweet corn will grow in most any soil save for the two extremes – too wet or too dry. Best growth in sunny, wind-sheltered site with a well-drained, organic soil. Soil pH levels of 5.5 to 6.5. Sow seed after all danger of frost is past and the soil has warmed up to the recommended minimum temperature – planting any sooner delays germination drastically, increasing the risk of damage or destruction by insects or rot before sprouting. Sufficient watering is particularly important at flowering and when the cobs begin to fill. Cobs are generally ready for harvesting when the ‘silks’ turn dark brown. Test by piercing a kernel with thumbnail to see if it spurts a milky juice.

BODACIOUS (Yellow)

75-95 Days

One of the most popular vegetables. Kernels are tasty and tender, and are produced on vigorous, easy to grow plants. Tolerant of common rust and ‘Stewart’s Wilt’. Early variety.

GOLDEN JUBILEE

75-90 Days

This is a very sweet yellow variety that is great eating, fresh or good for freezing and canning. Ears are plump and sweet.

HONEY SELECT

79 Days

Triple sweet corn. The best new advancement in eating quality and a must for every corn-lover. This variety combines the tenderness and sweet corn flavor; with the tenderness and extended shelf life of exotic varieties. Cobs produce 75% surgery enhanced kernels and 25% supersweet kernels to give you more “juicy corn taste” and longer lasting sweetness making them ideal for roadside markets or home gardens alike.

EDEN (WHITE)

76 Days

A later white variety that offers such great flavor and tenderness that it’s well worth the wait! Large 9” ears with 16 rows of mouth-watering kernels top to bottom, make this a favorite among corn connoisseurs. Work soil two weeks before planting and add fertilizer one week before. Tolerates blight. Needs isolation.

KANDY KORN

89 Days

An attractive burgundy colored plant showing good disease resistance. Deep golden kernels give the ears a plump and sweet taste.

PEACHES & CREAM EARLY

70 Days

This is a very sweet bi-colored variety that is great for eating fresh, freezing or canning. Sturdy 6' (2m) tall plants. This is an excellent variety for home gardeners and commercial growers. Rows of mouth-watering, tender juicy kernels fill the beautifully shaped 7"/18cm long ears.

SUNNYVEE

60 Days

This is our best early normal sugary variety for cool soil planting. A very versatile and vigorous variety, Sunnyvee produces robust 6' (2m) stalks which yield 7"/17cm – 12 rowed golden ears. Considered by some as the best variety for cold soil conditions early in the season. A prime short season candidate.

CRESS

Cress grows better in cooler weather and flourishes in a moist soil that is fertile and highly organic. Select a site that is bright, but has some shelter from the hot, direct afternoon sun. Never let it dry out.

CURLED PEPPERGRASS

25-45 days

This tangy flavored cool-season annular grows to 18" (46cm) and bears attractive, spicy flavored leaves. But most often it is harvested in its seedling stage to add a peppery flavor to salads, sandwiches, coups and garnishes. Cress is very easy and quick to grow and thrives in any garden or indoors, in a bright window.

WATER CRESS

53 days

Peppery-tasting watercress is a semi aquatic, creeping perennial whose leaves are popular in salads, sandwiches and as a garnish. Plants grow rapidly in running streams and wet places in the garden, but require some shade in warm inland areas. Plants can also be grown in pots of soil placed in a tub of water; change water weekly by running hose in tub. Plants grow 10-15"/25-38cm.

CUCUMBER

Cucumbers grow best in rich, warm, sandy loam. Sow when the danger of frost has passed and the soil is at least 18c. Cooler soils reduce germination or seeds rot. Full Sun

ARMENIAN YARD LONG

65-75 days

This slicing variety is somewhat of a novelty. It is ribbed, light green skin and can grow up to 3' (m) long. Delicious fresh or sliced in salads. This warm-weather vegetable is easy to grow and is a very vigorous grower. Provide a strong trellis for support.

BURPLESS F-1 HYBRID

60-65 days

Here's a mild-flavored cucumber that is "burpless" and more digestible than others. Fruits are straight and slender, up to 10"/25cm long, and perfect for slicing. The skin is tender, and the fruit is crisp and delicious. So good it can be eaten fresh from the vine without peeling.

CHICAGO PICKLING

50-60 days

Ideal for pickling with its small, blocky fruit and tender skin. However, if allowed to reach full size, they can be used fresh as slicing cucumbers. Heavy yielding plants.

ENGLISH HOTHOUSE

65-75 days

This delicious variety produces long, green slicing cucumbers that are tender and delicious. Can be eaten fresh or sliced in salads. This warm-weather vegetable is enjoyed throughout the world.

MARKETMORE SLICING

65-75 days

This is one of the finest main-crop slicing varieties, developed at Cornell University. It produces 8"/20cm fruit that is delicious fresh or sliced in salads. Plants are easy to grow and vigorous growers. Resistant to mosaic or scab. Full fun.

S.M.R. 58 PICKLER

50-60 days

The best disease resistant pickling variety. This black-spined variety with medium green fruits that taper at both ends is a popular variety with commercial growers. If allowed to reach full size, they can be used fresh as slicing cucumbers.

STRAIGHT EIGHT

65-75 days

Like its name, this is a variety that produces straight, 8"/20cm fruit that is crisp and delicious. Skin is slightly striped. This variety is an All American Award Winner. Enjoy fresh or sliced in salads, as well as a relish. An old favorite.

EGGPLANT

BLACK BEAUTY

75 days

One of the most popular eggplant varieties, this variety is known for its large, plump, deep purplish-black fruits. Plants grow 2-3'/60-90cm tall and produce several fruits. Delicious fried, in casseroles and in several ethnic dishes. Plants are ornamental enough to use in the flower garden; good also in containers.

LONG PURPLE

70-80 days

The deeply colored fruits of these eggplants are long and slender, with the same mild taste and texture as other eggplants. With their colorful fruits and flowers, they make an attractive addition to vegetable and flower gardens, and are ideal for growing in containers. Delicious fried, in casseroles or with other vegetables.

ENDIVE

FULL HEART BATAVIAN

80-90 days

This salad green also known as escarole, produces large, broad leaves on plants up to 15"/38cm across. The leaves are slightly twisted and have a sharper flavor and more substance than lettuce. Used mixed with other greens in salads, as cooked greens, and as a garnish. Tastiest crops are timed for harvest during the cool weather of autumn. Partial/Full sun.

GREEN CURLED RUFFEC

80-90 days

This gourmet salad green also known as escarole, produces large, broad leaves on plants up to 15" (38cm) across. The leaves are curled and have a sharper flavor and more substance than lettuce. Used mixed with other greens in salads, as cooked greens and as a garnish. Partial/Full sun.

GREENS-ORIENT BLEND

35-50 Days

Most popular oriental greens. Includes Mitsuba, Tsoi-Sim, Garland Round Leaf and Komatsuna. Easy to Grow.

KALE – LACINATO

50 Days

Grows 1 M tall. Sweeter variety of Kale, with unique curled leaves.

KALE – DWARF BLUE CURLED

55-60 days

This cold-hardy cabbage relative grows about 18"/45cm tall and is topped with attractive, light green, frilly leaves. Use the leaves mixed with other greens in salads, as cooked greens, in stews and as a garnish. Tastiest crops are timed for harvest during the cool weather of spring and autumn. Kale grows well in containers, and plants make an attractive addition to flower gardens. Partial/Full sun.

KOHLRABI

EARLY WHITE VIENNA

55-60 days

This unusual plant produces a light green, swollen, globe-shaped stem just above ground. The globe has a mild, sweet taste that is best during cool weather. The crisp texture and sweet taste make it perfect for use fresh in salads or with dips; can also be cooked by steaming or boiling. Plants are attractive to flower beds. Full/Partial sun.

PURPLE VIENNA

60-65 days

A handsome purple skinned variety white flesh, crisp and mild flavored interior. For harvests in fall and early winter, sow again in late July or August, covering seeds ½"/12mm. Full/partial sun.

LEEKS – GIANT MUSSELBURG

150 days

Mostly grown for local market it is also a popular home garden choice. The 2"/5cm thick stem growing to approximately 9"/23cm long bears medium green leaves and produces a lower stem with a mild onion flavour. Cultivate and draw up earth well around plants to grow tender white portions. Excellent in soup and stews, or as a sautéed accompaniment. Serve baked in parchment as well.

LETTUCE

Grows best in organic, well-drained soil in sunny locations. Lettuce is a cool weather crop. Sow as soon as the soil can be worked in the spring, then every two weeks thereafter to ensure a continuous supply. An even supply of moisture during the entire growth period is imperative for success. Harvest leaf lettuce by either pulling the entire plant or by cutting leaves from the main stem at least 1"/2.5cm above the base – this will allow the plant to sprout new leaves. Harvest head lettuce by cutting the head off at the base just below the lower leaves. Once lettuce bolts (starts to produce a rapidly growing flower stem) leaves will become bitter.

BIBB

65-75 days

This is a butterhead type of lettuce producing a moderately tight head. Prized for its taste and texture. The inner leaves blanch to a light yellow with a smooth texture and mild flavor. The crispy outer leaves are loosely folded and dark green, often tinged with brown. Flavor is best if timed to mature during cool weather. Partial/Full sun. Sow again in later summer and fall.

BUTTERCRUNCH

65-75 days

This butterhead type of lettuce is prized for its heavy, compact heads, superb flavor, and heat resistant. The center leaves blanch to a light color with a buttery texture and rich flavor. Outer leaves are crisp and juicy. A good choice for production in early summer; ideal for containers. Sow again in late summer/fall. Partial/Full sun.

GOURMET MIX

45-75 days

This special mixture includes four of the most popular and flavorful varieties. Buttercrunch, Grand Rapids, Prizehead, and Romaine. For best flavor and development, time crops to mature during cool weather. Because of differing maturity times, harvest begins in 3-4 weeks and extends beyond two months. Partial/Full sun.

GRAND RAPIDS

45-50 days

This quick-maturing loose-leaf variety produces light green, frilly leaves that are sweet and tender. Flavor is best if timed to mature during cool weather. This variety is slow to bolt to seed, and because it matures quickly it can be grown later in spring than most varieties. The absolute monarch of the leaf lettuce family! Without a doubt, Grand Rapids is our best non-heading lettuce. Partial/Full sun.

GREAT LAKES

70-90 days

No salad is complete without this crisphead type of lettuce. Plants produce large, firm heads with a fine, mild flavor and crisp texture. The inner leaves are light green to white, and the outer wrapper leaves are fringed and medium green. For best flavor and development of firm heads, time crops to mature during cool weather. Disease resistant variety that withstands hot, dry weather better than any other variety. Partial/Full sun.

ICEBERG

85-90 days

This is the classic and highly popular variety that forms a solid head with a crunchy texture. The compact, medium-sized heads are made up of light green to white inner leaves with a mild flavor. The outer leaves are medium green and crinkled. For best flavor and development of firm heads, time crops to mature during cool weather. Sow again in later summer for a fall crop. Full/Partial sun.

MESCLUN MIX

35-45 days

This special mild-flavored blend of lettuces and greens is a complete salad in one seed packet. Because they should be harvested when young and tender, successive planting is the key to always having something to fill the salad bowl. If you have never grown Mesclun, you have a great salad adventure ahead of you. Plants are easy and attractive to grow in gardens or containers. Harvest with scissors.

PARIS COS WHITE

70-75 days

This unique form of lettuce produces cylindrical, upright heads. The long, cupped leaves are medium green, thick and crisp, and have a sweet, mild flavor. This variety is highly prized and considered a gourmet delight. For best flavor and development, time crops to mature during cool weather. Provide light shade for summer sowing. Can sow again in later summer for a fall crop. Full/partial sun.

PRIZEHEAD

45-50 days

The frilly, curled leaves of this loose-leaf variety are light green and tinged with bronze and red. It makes an especially attractive and tasty addition to salads and is perfect as a garnish. The mild, delicate flavor is best if timed to mature during cool weather. Sow again in later summer and fall. Full/Partial sun.

OUTRAGEOUS RED

50 days

A deliciously flavoured, loose baby-leaf magenta colour that makes an attractive, tasty addition to salads. Plants are slow to bolt to seed that keep their mild flavour. As they mature quickly they can be grown later in the spring than most varieties. Grows well in containers. Full/Partial sun.

SALAD BOWL

45-55 days

The deeply cut, almost lobed leaves of this loose-leaf variety have frilly edges and make an attractive, tasty addition to salads. Plants are slow to bolt to seed. As they mature quickly, then can be grown later in the spring than most varieties. Grows well in containers. Relatively heat resistant. Full/Partial sun.

MELON (Muskmelon & Cantaloupe)

Melons prefer a rich, highly organic, well drained soil amended with generous amounts of composted manure or household compost. Select a south facing, wind-sheltered site and sow 6 seeds per hill. Seeds need a warm soil to germinate properly. Expect germination in 5-10 days at 70F (21c). Seeds sown in soil cooler than this may fail. Feed with all-purpose fertilizer shortly after transplanting and keep the melons evenly watered throughout the growing season. Days to maturity are from the transplant stage.

PASSPORT Hybrid

80 Days

An early 'Honey Dew' type melon. Fantastic aroma and flavor. Large fruits average 15 cm and 2.5 Kg in weight. Vigorous, productive vines, excellent disease tolerance

DELICIOUS 51

85-90 days

Here is a sweet, juicy cantaloupe, featuring salmon-orange flesh and a yellow-green rind, individual melons are large and slightly oval, averaging 5lbs/2.25kgs. They are also fragrant, lending credence to cantaloupes other name; muskmelon. Like all melons, heat and an adequate growing season are needed. Water in dry weather.

EARLICHAMP HYBRID

70-100 days

True to its name, this cantaloupe offers golden-colored flesh that is sweet and juicy. Fruit are large and round, with a thin rind. Intoxicating aroma and high 'Brix' rivaling fruit juice. Excellent disease resistance and large fruit size. Good market garden variety.

HALE'S BEST JUMBO

80-90 days

This improved variety is noted for its outstanding flavor. The fruits are large, averaging 4-5 lbs (1.8-2.2kg) with a thin rind. Like all melons, heat and an adequate growing season are needed. An open pollinated variety. Ideal for local market gardeners.

OKRA – Clemson Spineless

60-65 days

Okra is grown for its slender, pointed pods that develop from attractive flowers in the leaf axils. The pods are dark green, straight, slightly grooved and spineless. Production is best in areas with hot summer weather. Serve fried, in soups and stews, and use for pickling. When picked off vine – use as quickly as possible for best quality.

ONION

A sunny site with fertile well drained soil is best. Sow seeds outdoors from mid-April to mid-May about ¼-½ "/8-15mm deep and ½"/15mm apart. Thin after sprouting. Onions can also be raised from setts, which are 'baby' onions that were started the previous year. Water onions evenly through the growing season. Watch for flower stalks and bend over to encourage large bulbs. Harvest storage onions when the tops dry. If possible, leave them lying on the soil for up to a week to cure before storing in a cool place.

EARLY YELLOW GLOBE

115-125 days

This variety produces large, globe-shaped onions with crisp white flesh and golden-yellow skin. The taste is sweet and mild, making it extremely versatile, either cooked or raw. Mature onions are up to 4"/10cm across. Produces well in all areas of the country. Can be direct sown in early spring.

EVERGREEN WHITE BUNCHING

60-75 days

This popular variety produces delicately flavored, slender stems and juicy green tops. Also known as green onions, scallions, or spring onions, use them fresh in salads, dips and as appetizers. With repeat sowings, you can harvest from spring through fall and year round in mild winter areas. Full/Partial sun.

RED GLOBE

105-110 days

This colorful variety produces large, slightly flat onions with a purple tone to the flesh and deep purplish-red skin. Color is retained when used raw in salads, sliced on sandwiches, etc. It has a rich flavor, making it extremely versatile, either cooked or raw. A good keeper.

SWEET SPANISH UTAH

WHITE 115-125 days

This famous variety is known for its size and sweetness. Extremely popular either cooked or raw. Mature onions are up to 4"/10cm across. Pull and use thinnings as scallions. White skin and clear white flesh.

SWEET SPANISH UTAH YELLOW

115-125 days

This variety produces large, globe-shaped bulbs with crisp, firm, clear tender flesh. Golden-yellow skin surrounds the bulb. The taste is sweet and mild. Our best large onion that is globular in shape. Produces well in all areas of the country. Under ideal conditions, these onions will weigh over 2.2lbs (1 kg) at harvest.

WALLA –WALLA

115-125 days

Known for its size and sweetness. Extremely popular either cooked or raw. Start indoors as early as you can. The bigger the transplant, the better. Withstands considerable cold, start in a cold-frame, if possible. Not a long term storage onion. Enjoy fresh.

PARSLEY

Leafy parsley is probably the most widely used garnish. In our long Canadian winters look no further than the root varieties. They are an easily kept and a readily available source of that unique parsley flavor. You may start seeds indoors 8 weeks before the last spring frost in peat pots. Be patient – seeds germinate slowly.

FOREST GREEN

80-90 days

By far one of the most popular of all herbs. This variety is easy to grow year 'round both indoors and out. Plant as a garden edging or tuck individual plants into flower garden voids. Long, stiff, upright stems hold dark green, finely cut and beautifully curled leaves. Parsley is perfect in window boxes and other containers. Partial/Full sun.

PLAIN LEAF

80-90 days

This is the flat leaf form of the popular, easy to grow garden herb. Leaves have a slightly richer flavor than curled parsley and are used as a garnish and for flavoring. Perfect in window boxes and other containers. This variety is widely used in European cuisine.

HAMBURG ROOTED

90-95 days

Though the leaves are used as a tasty garnish, Hamburg parsley is grown mainly for its flavorful, creamy white roots. When grown in a well prepared, deep soil free of coarse particles, the tapered roots reach 6-8"/15-20cm long. Serve cooked in soups and stews or grated uncooked then mixed in salads. Cold weather sweetens the flavour of the roots.

PARSNIP – Hollow Crown

100-120 days

Parsnips produce roots with a sweet, nutty flavor and crisp texture. Flavor is best if timed to mature during cool weather. Roots are yellowish- white, shaped like a carrot, and may grow to 12"/30cm long and 2"/5cm across at the top. Use in stews and soups, steamed, sautéed in butter, or shredded raw in salads. A very heavy yielding root crop.

PEA

Think of fresh, sweet, succulent baby green peas. Now make them steaming hot, add a tab of butter and scatter some freshly ground black pepper over the top. The best ever comfort foot.

Peas are a cool weather crop and can be sown from early April through to mid-May when the soil temperature is between 50-60 F(10-16c). Fall crops are possible in hardiness zones 6 & 7. Sow in double rows or blocks. Sow successive crops 10-14 days apart

for extended harvests. Keep soil evenly moist during the germination period or emergence will be spotty. You can stake or support row planted bush varieties for easier picking – climbing varieties definitely need to be supported. Once flowering starts, it is important to keep the plants well watered to produce a good harvest. As the pods mature, pick daily to enjoy their peak flavor and to encourage more pods to form.

GREEN ARROW

62 Days

This variety produces heavy yields of plump pods filled with large peas. Plants grow only about 24"(60cm) tall and are very productive. Grows best in cool weather. Excellent fresh or frozen. Tolerant to fusarium, powdery mildew or leaf curl.

LAXTON PROGRESS

62 Days

This early, all purpose variety produces long 4"/10cm pods filled with 7-9 sweet, tender peas. Plants are very productive 18" /45cm high. Easy to pick and handsome – an ideal variety for market and roadside stands.

LINCOLN HOMESTEADER

64 Days

This variety comes into production quickly, making it a good early crop. Plants grow about 30" (75cm) tall and are very productive. Very sweet, deep green peas that have a distinct superior flavor and are excellent fresh or for freezing. This is the standard by which all the others are graded!

LITTLE MARVEL

63 Days

This exquisitely sweet old favorite deserves a place in every home garden. Dwarf vines 18"(45cm) high produce deep green, nearly round pods 3"(7.5cm) long that are tightly packed with 7-8 very tender and very sweet peas. A good freezing variety. The perfect home garden pea.

MAMMOTH MELTING SUGAR

63 Days

Plants grow best if seeds are treated with inoculant before sowing. This variety produces heavy yields of plump pods filled with large peas. Grows best in cool weather. Plants are very productive. Pick while pods are still bright green and shiny, but after seeds have enlarged.

OREGON SUGAR POD

60 Days

Long an Oriental favorite, edible-podded peas are noted for their crunchy but tender edible flat pods with small, succulent edible seeds inside. Serve unshelled, fresh in salads, with dips, steamed or stir fried. Good for freezing. Grows best in cool weather. This improved variety is resistant to enation virus, powdery mildew and common wilt.

SNOW

60 Days

Plants grow best if seeds are treated with inoculant before sowing. Pick while pods are still nearly flat, just as peas begin to bulge. A good source of fiber, minerals, vitamins A and C and some of the B vitamins. Edible-podded peas are noted for their crunchy tender flat pods with small succulent edible seeds inside.

SUGAR SNAP POLE

70 Days

Representing a new generation of garden peas, Sugar Snap is a winner of the prestigious All American Selections Gold Medal. Crisp, crunchy and delicious, it's eaten whole – pods and peas – when the pods are plump and round. Serve fresh in salads, with dip, stir fried or steamed. Good for freezing. Grows best in cool weather. The 4' (120cm) tall vines are best supported on a trellis or fence. One of the best general purpose peas available.

TALL TELEPHONE or ALDERMAN

72 Days

This handsome pea is the best of the tall varieties. Tall 5-6'(1.4-1.8m) plants produce huge pods that are easy to harvest and shell. This unique variety combines high yields with exceptional sweetness. Grows best in cool weather. Use fresh or cooked, good for freezing or canning. This is an excellent variety to go with when space is limited.

THOMAS LAXTON

65 Days

A high quality, heavy yielding, all-purpose pea. Perfect for the home garden. Each pod contains 7-9 large tender peas. Plants are very productive. Grows best in cool weather. Vines growing to 2.5-3'(75-90cm) tall, produce well-filled pods that are straight, broad and dark green.

SUGAR ANN

58 Days

A quality dwarf sugarsnap pea with round, fleshy, pale green sweet tasting pods. Allow a distance of 75 cm between rows. Grows 75 cm (30"). For successional crops, sow at 10 day intervals.

PEANUT- VALENCIA

The red skinned types are easily grown in sandy well drained soil in open field conditions. Sow mid-May to the first of June 5 cm deep every 5 inches in rows 90 cm. Dig up the entire plant in fall before frost. After harvest - air dry before removing shells.

PEPPERS

With 9,000 years of cultivation behind them, it is no wonder that there are a myriad of varieties in a multitude of colours available to the home gardener – all have their origins in wild species native to Central and South America. Start peppers indoors mid February to late March. Using a soil-less growing mix, sow the seed ¼"/6mm deep. Use a water-soluble plant starter fertilizer when transplanting. Control weeds and avoid high nitrogen fertilizers. Staking is recommended with most varieties. Do not be in a rush to harvest as most varieties are at their peak taste and quality shortly after they turn color. Days of maturity are measured from transplanting. Full Sun

BANANA LONG SWEET

65 days

Fruits of this variety are attractive, sweet and colorful – turning from canary yellow to orange-red when mature. The tapered fruits grow to about 6"(15cm) long. Excellent for pickling, frying. Salads and dips. Can be threaded on string and dried for a colorful ornament. Excellent source of vitamins A and C. Spiciest when red.

CAYENNE LONG RED

70 days

True to their name, the slim fruits of Cayenne peppers are long and ripen to bright red. When fully mature, they are very hot and are great pickled or dried and used as seasoning. The colorful fruits are often curled and twisted, and can be threaded on strong and dried for a colorful ornament. Ideal for canning, pickling or drying.

EARLY CALIFORNIA WONDER -

Green/Red GOLDEN

CALWONDER – Green/Yellow

75 days

This variety produces large, blocky bell peppers that can be harvested when green or later as they mature to red. At both stages, flavor is sweet and mild; texture is crisp and crunchy. Serve raw with dip, in salads, fried or stuffed. Grows well in containers.

HUNGARIAN YELLOW HOT
65 days
Fruits of this variety are attractive and colorful – turning from canary yellow to orange-red when mature. The tapered fruits grow to about 6"/15cm long, and are fairly hot. Excellent for pickling, and for adding zest to salads and dips. Can be threaded on strong string and dried for a colorful ornament.

JALAPENO
65 days
Jalapeños are noted for their zesty hot flavor widely used in Mexican cuisine. The blunt-pointed, thick-walled fruits grow about 3"(7.5cm) long, and have a deep green color maturing to red. An eye watering addition to salsa, salads, dips and great for pickling. Harvest regularly. Grows well in containers.

KEYSTONE RESISTANT
70 days
This improved variety produces crisp, delicious peppers with heavy yields all season. Peppers can be harvested when green or later as they mature to red. At both stages, flavor is sweet and mild; texture is crisp and crunchy. Serve raw with dip, in salads, fried or stuffed. Grows well in containers.

PIMENTO
65 days
Pimento is the Spanish word for "pepper". The flesh is very thick, sweet and red to reddish-yellow at maturity. You've probably had pimentos in potato salad or stuffed in a green olive. They are juicy and aromatic and after often served in green or pasta salads or served as appetizers. A very useful variety for stuffing and is superb for canning whole. May be grown in pots.

RED CHERRY HOT
75 days
These small red fruits with medium thick walls pack quite a punch. Heavy producer of small round, and hot, peppers, excellent pickled, in salsa, sliced on pizza or in any dish where "muy picante" is desirable. Can also be direct sown after soil warms.

RED CHERRY SWEET
78 days
The round 1 1/2"/4cm fruits are spicy sweet and can be used when green or red. Widely used in Mexican cooking, the fruits are excellent for pickling and for adding zest to salads and dips. Harvest regularly.

SUPER CHILI
50(green)/70(red) days
This former All-American Winner is an early maturing, short, spreading plant, each bearing loads of upright 2 1/2" x 1/2" – 6cm x 1cm fiery hot peppers. Fruits ripen from light green to orange and finally to red. Can be used fresh, dried or pickled with equal success. To reduce

heat, remove seeds and internal ribs. Do not overwater seedlings but don't let leaves wilt. Harvest when desired color and size. Full Sun.

PUMPKINS
Pumpkins love hot weather. They need a soil that is deep, rich, well drained and organic with a pH of 5.5 to 6.5. Before planting work in lots of compost. Directly sow outdoors in late May to June. Seeds can be started indoors 3 weeks before the plant out date. Pumpkins do not transplant well – use paper or fibre pots that can be set directly in the soil. Allow only two pumpkins to mature per plant. Protect mature pumpkins from frost and cold temperatures.

ATLANTIC GIANT DILL
120 days
This is the variety for producing blue ribbon pumpkins. Bred for size, Atlantic Giant regularly produces pumpkins over 3'/90cm across weighing over 100 lbs/45kg. Rounded to slightly flattened pumpkins start out yellowish and mature to orange. Great for decorating and kids just love them! Without a doubt, this is one of the world's largest pumpkin varieties.

BIG MAX
110-120 days
This immense variety is often a prizewinner in pumpkin contests. When properly nurtured, an individual fruit can exceed 100 lbs/45kg. Fruits have pink-orange, ribbed, very thick skin. The flesh is yellow-orange, intensely flavored and fine for pies and cooking. Seeds make a delicious nutritious snack.

CONNECTICUT FIELD
100-110 days
This is a perfect pumpkin for Jack O'Lanterns as well as for eating. Each fruit averages about 20lbs/9kg. Skin is a rich orange color and the ends of the fruit are flattened so they won't tip. The richly flavored flesh is ideal for pies and breads. Seed make a delicious, nutritious snack.

JACK BE LITTLE
95-100 days
This recently introduced variety produces petite pumpkins, about 3"/7.5cm across and 2"/5cm high. Each plant yields 6-8 fruits. Though edible, Jack Be Little is used mainly for crafts, Halloween handouts, miniature Jack O'lanterns and table decorations. Properly cured fruits store up to 12 months.

JACK O'LANTERN
100-110 days
This is an ideal multi-use pumpkin – for Jack O'Lanterns and for eating. Each fruit averages about 12-18lbs/5-8kg. Skin is bright orange, smooth and firm. The richly flavored flesh is ideal for pies and breads. Seeds make a delicious, nutritious snack. You can carve a Jack O'Lantern face that will be seen for miles on Halloween night.

LUMINA
100 days
These beautiful, unique pumpkins have a smooth, white skin that looks polished. Fruits grow to 12lbs/5kg and are about 10-12"/25-30cm across. The tiny seed cavity means there's lots of flesh for pies, breads and other cooking. It's great as a Jack O'Lantern too. Edible seeds.

SMALL SUGAR
90-100 days
This is the premier pumpkin for eating. Fruits grow to about 8"/20cm across with sugary-sweet flesh that's big on flavor. The tiny seed cavity means there's lots of flesh for pies, breads and other cooking. Just perfect for pumpkin pies. Stores well.

FUN MIX
75-110 Days
Contains 4 favourite varieties. Jack O Lantern, Small Sugar, Howden and Lumina.

RADISH
The easiest and quickest vegetable to grow! Other than avoiding heavy clay or very sandy soil, radishes are not fussy. Sow early varieties in a sunny site as soon as the ground is workable in the spring – winter radishes are generally sown in mid-summer. Sow seeds every two weeks. Keep soil evenly moist. Harvest after 3-4 weeks when the roots have reached the size of a large marble. Early varieties harvest in less than a month. Winter radishes – sow during mid-summer for best results. May be sown as late as early September. They grow slower than spring radishes but grow much larger. Flavor is stronger than summer radishes. Keep well in the ground or root cellar.

CHERRY BELLE
22-25 days
This spring variety has scarlet skin and crisp, white flesh. At full size, the roots are round and 3/4"/18mm across. A very early maturing variety. Grows well in containers.

CHINA ROSE
52 days
This unique winter variety produces long, cylindrical roots that are perhaps the least pungent of the winter radishes. A good keeper.

CRIMSON GIANT
28-30 days
This variety has deep red skin and crisp white flesh. At full size the roots are round and slightly more than 1"/2.5cm across. Holds well without becoming pithy. Grows well in containers. Harvest when young and mild.

EARLY SCARLET
24-30 days
Bright scarlet roots with pure white, crisp, tender flesh, mild flavor. A good variety to choose if your soil is a little sandy or on the drier side. Holds well without becoming pithy. Grows well in containers.

EASTER EGG HYBRID
30 days
This attractive blend includes an array of colors – white, pink and tones of red and purple – all with crisp white flesh. Roots are oval to round and make a colorful addition to salads. Flesh is firm and crisp.

FRENCH BREAKFAST
23-30 days
This white fleshed variety has oblong shaped roots with scarlet skin that has shades of white at the bottom. They are crisp, mild and surprisingly sweet. A long time favorite that has stood the test of time.

SPARKLER WHITE TIP
23-30 days
A beautiful round radish with bright red skin and a distinct white tip. Tender yet crisp white flesh on what is possibly the finest market radish. At full size the roots are about 1"/2.5cm across. Grows well in containers.

WHITE ICICLE
28-30 days
A handsome long radish with glistening, pure white roots up to 5"/12.5cm long. Icicle shaped roots have white skin and white flesh that is crisp and mild. A good variety for commercial growers and home gardeners.

DAIKON MINOWASE
45 Days
Roots of this radish grow to about 8-12" long and 2" across. They are white skinned, smooth and if timed to grow during cool weather, very mild and crisp. Usually harvested during fall and winter. Use fresh, cooked, in soups, stir fried or pickled.

RUTABAGA

Swede, Laurentian
85-90 days

This cabbage relative is grown for its globe shaped roots that are creamy yellow and have a robust but sweet flavor. Roots grow 4-5"/10-12.5cm across and have light amber skin with a purplish top. Best if timed for harvest during cool weather of fall and winter. Use in soups, stews, baked and mashed. Roots store well. Has a reputation for being one of the hardiest of all the root crops.

SPINACH

A handy, cool weather vegetable that is easy to grow and chock full of goodness. Sow seed ½"/12mm deep in rows as soon as the soil can be worked in the spring. Sow again in mid to late August for fall crops.

BLOOMSDALE LONG STANDING

45-55 days

Few leafy greens top spinach for ease of growth, productiveness, and nutrition. This variety produces crinkled, thick-textured leaves. It is slow to bolt to seed. Grows quickly, thrives in cool weather and produces generous harvest of tasty, tender leaves. Use fresh in salads, or cooked in soufflés and stuffings. Water abundantly and fertilize. Partial/Full sun.

NEW ZEALAND

65-75 days

Because of its heat-tolerance and resistance to bolting, this is an excellent summer substitute for conventional spinach. The attractive plants have a bush-like habit and produce distinctive triangular leaves. Use the succulent leaves and young stems fresh in salads or cooked. Grows as a perennial in mild winter areas. Harvest regularly to encourage new succulent growth. Thrives in hot dry weather. Partial/full sun.

OLYMPIA

42-50 days

This unique hybrid was developed especially for home gardens. It produces deep green, thick slightly crinkled leaves and has notable disease resistance. It grows quickly, thrives in cool weather, and produces a generous harvest of tasty, tender leaves. Use fresh in salads, or cooking in soufflés and stuffings. A slow-bolting smooth leaf spinach. Partial/full sun.

AVON HYBRID

53 days

This improved variety is quick growing and has a superb flavour. Plants thrive in cool weather and produce generous harvests of tasty, tender leaves. Excellent early spring or late summer. Disease resistant.

SQUASH

These tender, warm weather vegetables produce a vast range of shapes, sizes, tastes, textures and colors. Summer squash are used shortly after harvest and generally do not store well. Later maturing varieties, known as winter squash are heavy skinned which makes them more suitable for longer term storage.

BUTTERCUP

100-105 days

This is one of the most popular winter squashes. The turban shaped fruits have dark green skin flecked with gray spots and grow to about 8"/20cm across. Weight averages 3-4 lbs/1-2kg. The sweet, meaty flesh is deep orange. Excellent baked, steamed or microwaved. Stores well. Shortly before fall frost cut from plant, leaving a portion of stem attached.

BUTTERNUT

100-110 days

A very popular wonderful tasting winter squash. The oblong, tan-skinned fruits grow about 8"/20cm long and are bulbous at one end. The seed cavity is small, so there is lots of flesh with a sweet, nutty flavor. Excellent baked, steamed or microwaved. Stores extremely well. A large vigorous growing vine.

CROOKNECK EARLY YELLOW

50-55 days

A summer squash that matures quickly and produces lots of low-calorie versatile fruits. Fruits of this variety have a bumpy, yellow skin and a crooked neck. Flesh is creamy yellow, very flavorful, with small seeds. Use raw in salads and with dips, or steamed, fried and baked. Freezes well.

GOLD RUSH

50-55 days

The straight, slender fruits of this summer squash, have a pale yellow skin and creamy yellow flesh. Yields are high and fruits are easy to pick because of a semi-open plant habit. Use raw in salads and with dips, or steamed, fried and baked. Freezes well. A vigorous producer.

GREEN HUBBARD IMPROVED

105-115 days

This winter storage squash produces fruits about 12"/30cm long and 10"/25cm across with tapered ends. The bumpy skin is hard and very deep green. The flesh inside is orange-yellow, fine grained, and very flavourful. Excellent baked, steamed or microwaved.

SPAGHETTI

100-110 days

This is a unique winter squash. The oblong fruits grow to about 10"/25cm long with golden-yellow skin. When cooked the deep yellow, mild flavored flesh separates into spaghetti-like strands. Can be baked, steamed or microwaved and served with a variety of sauces and flavorings. Normal size vines.

TABLE QUEEN ACORN

80 days

This winter-type is one of the most popular for home and market gardeners. Fruits are pointed, acorn shaped; 5 ½"/14cm long and about 4"/10cm in diameter. An ancient, early cropping variety. Uniformly ridged, smooth dark green skin with a light yellow flesh that bakes dry and sweet. Try them baked with a butter and brown sugar baste or use as edible bowls stuffed with a sauté of other vegetables.

VEGETABLE MARROW

55-65 days

This unique summer variety is similar to a zucchini. They are often eaten, along with blossoms, when very small. Plants produce lots of low-calorie, versatile fruits. Use raw, in salads and with dips or steamed, fried and baked. Freezes well.

BUSH SCALLOP

49 days

Disc-shaped squash 12 cm in diameter with scalloped edges and white speckled green rinds. Use for baking, roasted, fried or grilled on the BBQ.

BON BON Hybrid

85 Days

A classic buttercup type squash with smooth deep green skin and sweet tasting orange flesh. Fruits average 1.8 Kg

ZUCCHINI DARK GREEN

60-65 days

The straight, slender fruits have an almost black skin and greenish-white flesh. This compact, bushy variety will produce enough delicious, dark green fruits to feed the nation. This is the zucchini to have when you are pressed for space.

SWISS CHARD

If you are looking for great tasting, heat resistant greens, look no further. Swiss Chard will grow in a wide range of soils, but makes its best growth in fertile, well drained soils with a pH of 6.5 to 7.5. Sow every two weeks until early summer to ensure a continuous supply. Harvest outer leaves first by cutting at the base of the stem then working towards the centre as you go. By regularly harvesting the leaves, you encourage a continuous supply of tender new growth.

BRIGHT LIGHTS

60 days

A 1996 All-American Selections award winner. Bright Lights brings unmistakable pizzazz to the world of greens. With stems of vivid red, yellow, rose, gold and white and leaves of burgundy and green, growing up to 20"/50cm in height, this Swiss Chard makes a delightful ornamental bed. As well it makes delicious soups, stews and salads with its mild flavor. Bright Lights is a stunning ornamental vegetable!

FORDHOOK GIANT

55-65 days

Produces very broad, thick white stalks, and thick, crinkly dark green leaves throughout summer and fall. An attractive plant that is long lasting too. Both the stalks and leaves can be picked while the plant continues to grow. Can also be grown in containers. This is the best variety for greens as it always produces a bumper crop of tasty leaves – even during periods of high temperatures.

RUBY RED

55-65 days

This variety of chard looks like rhubarb. It has textured, dark green, red-veined leaves and red stalks throughout the summer and fall. Both the stalks and leaves can be picked while the plant continues to grow. Ideal for containers. A stunning looking plant!

TOMATO

Approximately 350 seeds/g. The most popular vegetable going! Everyone can make room for a plant or two. Sow seeds indoors about 6-8 weeks before last spring frost date – use a soil-less growing mix for germination and growing seedlings. Keep the temperature of the seeding mix at 21-24c to ensure prompt germination. After hardening off, transplant into well-drained organic soil about 24"/60cm apart for determinate varieties and 36"/90 cm apart for indeterminate varieties. Tomatoes need warmth, direct sunlight and a steady supply of water. Keep plants well watered and rotate the crop position in the garden every year. Dig out and discard diseased plants in household garbage – do not compost. Avoid excessive use of nitrogen. When watering, apply the water to the soil rather than showering down over the plants. Apply mulch to protect against soil borne diseases and to help conserve soil moisture. Full Sun Tomato plant habits Indeterminate plant – these varieties generally need staking as vegetative growth, flowering and fruit development continue non-stop until the onset of cold weather. Determinate plant – these varieties are usually classified as bush types. Generally they have compact growth with early fruiting. Vegetative growth ceases with the onset of fruit set.

BETTER BOY HYBRID

70 days
This variety produces lots of large fruit. Flesh is firm, meaty, and has an excellent flavor. Perfect for salads, juice, canning, relished and cooking. Medium-size plant. Stake or cage to save space. Indeterminate habit.

BONNY BEST

72 days
This variety is prolific and continuous production are the hallmarks of this Indeterminate variety. Medium sized plant as well as the fruit which is uniform in size with an appealing taste.

BUSH BEEFSTEAK

62 days
This is the perfect slicing tomato, producing large, slightly ribbed fruits with an outstanding rich flavor. Great in salads, for juice, canning, relishes and cooking. Our most popular main season tomato – mostly because of its consistent performance and heavy yields. Large plant/fruit. Indeterminate habit.

CELEBRITY

70 days
This is the perfect choice if you want the first tomatoes in the neighborhood. They're easy to grow, productive and have many uses. Each bite will satisfy your tomato loving impulse. Plants are best grown in a tomato cage. A hardy, adaptable, determinate tomato.

HONEY BUNCH RED

90 days
Produces super sweet and delicious bright red 2.5 cm tomatoes. Fruit comes in long clusters for easy harvest and requires staking. Perfect for the snack right off the vine!

GROUND CHERRY (HUSK Yellow)

60 days
Small shrub-like plants, similar to tomatoes produce an abundance of fruit inside husks. Grows well in most soil types and will do very well in pool soils and in pots. Uses are similar to tomatoes. May be eaten raw or used in salads, desserts, as a flavoring, and in jams and jellies. Plants sprawl over the ground unless staked or trellised. Water regularly. Leave husks on for storage.

MANITOBA

54 days
As this variety's name implies it bears heavy crops extremely early and continues longer than most varieties. Plants produce large clusters of 5oz./150gr fruits. Flesh is firm, meaty, and has an excellent flavor. Perfect for salads, juice, canning, relishes and cooking. Medium sized plant. Indeterminate habit.

NEW YORK

65 days
This is the perfect choice if you can the first tomatoes in the neighborhood. They're easy to grow, productive and have many uses. The moderate-size fruits are tasty and firm. Ideal for salads, juice, canning, relishes and cooking. Medium size plant. Indeterminate habit.

PATIO

80 days
The best hybrid tomato for containers. Dwarf plants produce clusters of delicious 4 oz./120gr fruits. Each tomato explodes with the sweetness and warmth of summer sunshine. Determinate habit.

ROMA

75 day
This is the perfect tomato for canning and processing into juice, paste and sauce; good also fresh in salads. Fruits are nearly pear-shaped and average about 3oz.(90mg) each. Medium size plants are easy to grow, very productive, with very few seeds in the flesh. Determinate habit.

SWEETIE

50 days
Lots of tasty bite-size fruits just right for snacks, salads and relishes. The plants are easy to grow, very productive and are the sweetest cherry tomato you will ever taste. Use for preserves or eat fresh from the garden. Indeterminate habit.

JUBILEE

75 Days
Jubilee is an indeterminate beefsteak variety producing golden-orange fruit averaging 227 g in weight. Fruit are smooth skinned with a meaty, thick walled interior containing few seeds. Less acidic than other varieties.

MORTGAGE LIFTER

85 Days
An Indeterminate variety producing large smooth skinned redish-pink fruit of 1 lb or more in weight. Delicious sweet taste.

TURNIP

PURPLETOP GLOBE

60 Days
This variety is grown both for its mild flavor, crisp roots and for its greens. Roots are round and smooth with a purple shoulder and white beneath. Flavour is best in cool weather and when no more than about 3" ACROSS. Use roots raw in salads, dips or cooked. Prepare greens by steaming.

WATERMELON

Very similar to cantaloupe and muskmelon. Seeds require 5-10 days at a soil temperature of 75F/24C to germinate – any lower and germination will be inhibited. Sow 6-8 seeds per hill; thin to 3-4 plants per hill.

CRIMSON SWEET

80-90 days
The blocky oval fruits have dark green stripes and weigh up to 30lbs/13.5kg. The flesh is bright red, firm and very sweet. Disease resistant plants produce vigorous vines providing lots of sunburn protection. Best in areas with plenty of warm weather. Harvest when underside turns from white to yellowish. Also thump the melon; a dull, hollow sound indicates ripeness.

SUGAR BABY

75-80 days
A dependable variety that produces round, sweet watermelons. This is a delicious, small fruited "icebox" melon developed specially for home gardens. Fruits grow to 8"/20cm in diameter and weigh about 10lbs/4.5kg. The flesh is right red, fine grained and very flavorful. A good short season variety.

VISTA – Hybrid

80 days
Big 8 Kg melons with dark green stripes on light green rind. Resistant to Fusarium and Anthracnose.